Texas and Bexar County Demographics

Promoting Adolescent & Child Health in San Antonio: A Community Roundtable

November 5, 2010
University of the Incarnate Word
San Antonio, TX
# Fastest Growing States, 2000-2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>281,421,906</td>
<td>307,006,550</td>
<td>25,584,644</td>
<td>9.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>24,782,302</td>
<td>3,930,482</td>
<td>18.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>33,871,648</td>
<td>36,961,664</td>
<td>3,090,016</td>
<td>9.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>15,982,378</td>
<td>18,537,969</td>
<td>2,555,591</td>
<td>16.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>8,186,453</td>
<td>9,829,211</td>
<td>1,642,758</td>
<td>20.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>5,130,632</td>
<td>6,595,778</td>
<td>1,465,146</td>
<td>28.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>8,049,313</td>
<td>9,380,884</td>
<td>1,331,571</td>
<td>16.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>7,078,515</td>
<td>7,882,590</td>
<td>804,075</td>
<td>11.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Population values are decennial census counts for April 1 for 2000 and estimates for July 1 for 2009.

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.
Natural Increase in Texas (Births minus Deaths)

- Birth Rate: 16.8 per 1,000 vs. 14.0 for US (2\textsuperscript{nd} highest)
- Death Rate: 6.8 per 1,000 vs. 8.3 for US (5\textsuperscript{th} lowest)
- Natural Increase: 10.0 per 1,000 vs. 5.7 for US (3\textsuperscript{rd} highest)

- Texas is young:
  - Median Age: 33.2 vs. 36.8 for US (2\textsuperscript{nd} lowest)

- Texas has a high total fertility rate (Children per woman)
  - 2.34 vs. 2.05 for US (4\textsuperscript{th} highest)

http://wonder.cdc.gov/
## Total Population and Components of Population Change in Texas, 1950-2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year*</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Numerical Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
<th>Percent Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>7,711,194</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>9,579,677</td>
<td>1,868,483</td>
<td>1,754,652</td>
<td>113,831</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>93.91</td>
<td>6.09</td>
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<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>11,196,730</td>
<td>1,617,053</td>
<td>1,402,683</td>
<td>214,370</td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>86.74</td>
<td>13.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>14,229,191</td>
<td>3,032,461</td>
<td>1,260,794</td>
<td>1,771,667</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>41.58</td>
<td>58.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>16,986,510</td>
<td>2,757,319</td>
<td>1,815,670</td>
<td>941,649</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>65.85</td>
<td>34.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>3,865,310</td>
<td>1,919,281</td>
<td>1,946,029</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>49.65</td>
<td>50.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>24,782,302</td>
<td>3,930,484</td>
<td>2,124,124</td>
<td>1,781,785</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>54.04</td>
<td>45.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2009 is for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.

Note: Residual values are not presented in this table.
Texas Racial and Ethnic Composition, 2000 and 2009

2000

- Hispanic or Latino: 32%
- NH White: 53%
- NH Black: 11%
- NH Other: 4%

2009

- Hispanic or Latino: 37%
- NH White: 47%
- NH Black: 11%
- NH Other: 5%

Estimated Percent Non-Hispanic Anglo, 2009

Estimated Percent Hispanic, 2009

Population increase for Texas was almost 19% during this period.

Projected Population Growth in Texas, 2000-2040

Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections
Projected Racial and Ethnic Percent, Texas, 2000-2040

Bexar County Projected Population Growth 2009 - 2040

Graph showing projected population growth from 2007 to 2037 for different demographic groups:
- Total Anglos
- Total Black
- Total Hispanic
- Total Other

Population projections are displayed in increments of 200,000, ranging from 200,000 to 1,600,000.
Educational attainment of persons 25+ years of age by ethnicity, Texas, 2009

Source: American Community Survey, 2009
Educational Attainment of persons aged 25 years and older, 2008

- Bachelor's degree or higher
- Some college, no Bachelor's
- High school graduate or equiv.
- No high school diploma

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>Bexar County</th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor's degree or higher</td>
<td>24.4%</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
<td>27.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some college, no Bachelor's</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>28.8%</td>
<td>28.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High school graduate or equiv.</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>25.4%</td>
<td>28.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No high school diploma</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>20.4%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Projected Percent of Labor Force by Educational Attainment in Texas, 2000 and 2040

* Projections are shown for the 1.0 scenario
Adult Obesity Trends, 1995-2007

Source: Centers for Disease Control, BRFSS

Source: Centers for Disease Control, BRFSS
Increasing Obesity Associated With...

- Population growth
- Population aging
- Race and ethnic shifts
- On-going lifestyle changes
Projected Increase in Number of Obese* Adults in Texas, 2006-2040

Source: Office of State Demographer, Moderate Projection
*BMI>=30
Obesity in 2005

% adults with BMI >=30; State Data Center BRFSS Based Estimates, Metropolitan area + non-metro based rates
Results 2010-Moderate Scenario

% adults with BMI $\geq 30$; Office of the State Demographer, 2000-2004 Projection
% adults with BMI >=30; Office of the State Demographer, 2000-2004 Projection
Projected number of obese in Bexar County

% adults with BMI >=30; Office of the State Demographer, 2000-2004 Projection
Texas’ population will continue to grow, driven by both natural increase and net migration (internal and international).

The Hispanic origin population contributes significantly to overall growth of Texas’ total population.

Improving high school and college graduation rates is a significant challenge for Texas and Bexar County.

Obesity and morbidity associated with obesity are and will continue to be a significant issue for Texas and Bexar County.
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