Texas

Demographics and Destiny

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25 Million Reasons to be Proud of Texas (among a few more)

Demographic Highlights

TEXAS is:

big. The population of Texas is the second largest in the United States, approaching 25 million people (estimated population of 24.8 million people in 2009).[7]

young. Approximately 28% of Texas' population is under 18 and only 10% of the population is older than 65 years.[1] Webb County in Texas, has the youngest population in the U.S. with children younger than 5 comprising 12.8% of the population.[7]

embracing of culture and diversity. Approximately 9 million or 38% of Texans are of Hispanic descent, 2.8 million or 12% are African Americans, and 1 million or 4% are other (non-Anglo mainly of Asian descent).[1] In about a decade, it is expected that Texas' population will have more persons of Hispanic descent than any other racial or ethnic group.[4]

a desired place to live and work. Net in-migration to Texas accounts for almost half of the population growth in recent years.[1] More than 171,900 college graduates moved into Texas each year between 2006 and 2008, placing Texas as 2nd in the Nation by this measure.

Data sources: 1. Texas State Data Center, Population Estimates; 2. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey; 3. U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census; 4. Texas State Data Center, Population Projections; 5. U.S. Census Bureau, Metropolitan Statistical Area Estimates; 6. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; 7. U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates

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TEXAS is (continued):

urban. Texas has three of the top 10 largest cities in the Nation.[3] Several of the metropolitan areas in Texas are among the most rapidly growing in the Nation.[5]

rural. Texas is the second largest state in the Nation in terms of square miles (268,601) and approximately 17% of the population lives in rural areas.[1]

a working state. Texas has a civilian labor force of more than twelve million workers and an unemployment rate lower than in most States.[6]

family oriented. Texas ranks 3rd among states for the percent of households which are married-couple families with children (24.4%).[2]

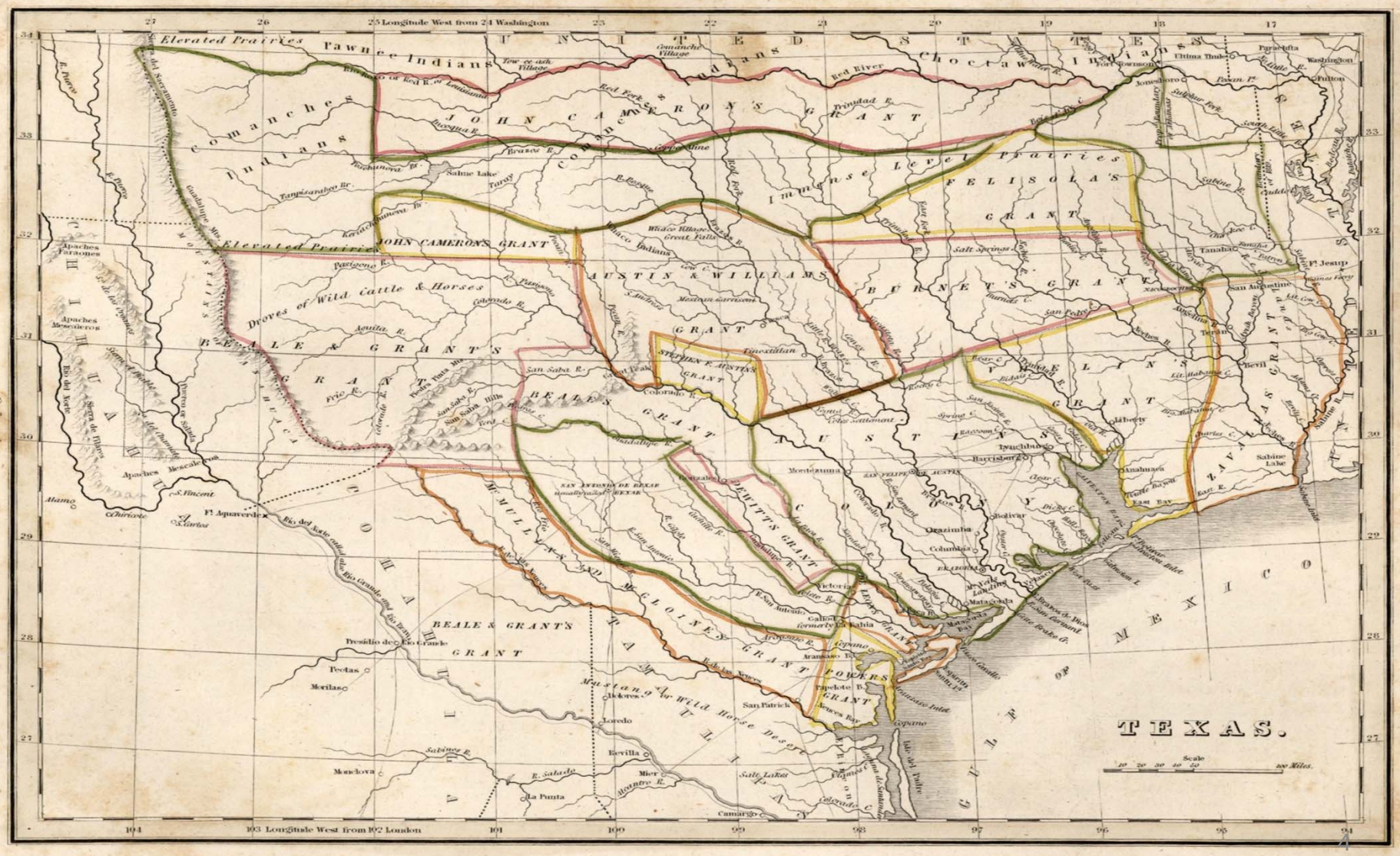
multigenerational. Texas ranks 3rd among states for percent of households which are multigenerational (4.5%).[2]

growing – fast. Texas gained more population than any other state in the last estimate year (between July 1, 2008 and July 1, 2009), adding 478,000 people.[7] Among cities over 100,000 population in the U.S., 4 of the 10 fastest growing areas are in Texas (2007-2008 change).[7]

Data sources: 1. Texas State Data Center, Population Estimates; 2. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey; 3. U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census; 4. Texas State Data Center, Population Projections; 5. U.S. Census Bureau, Metropolitan Statistical Area Estimates; 6. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; 7. U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates

Texas Demography

Growth, Diversity, Distribution



Fastest Growing States, 2000-2009

	2000 Population*	2009 Population*	Numerical Change 2000-2009	Percent Change 2000-2009
United States	281,424,602	307,006,550	25,581,948	9.1
Texas	20,851,820	24,782,302	3,930,484	18.8
California	33,871,648	36,961,664	3,090,016	9.1
Florida	15,982,378	18,537,969	2,555,130	16.0
Georgia	8,186,453	9,829,211	1,642,430	20.1
Arizona	5,130,632	6,595,778	1,465,171	28.6
North Carolina	8,049,313	9,380,884	1,334,478	16.6
Virginia	7,078,515	7,882,590	803,542	11.4

* **Population values are decennial census counts for April 1 for 2000 and estimates for July 1 for 2009.**

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.

Total Population and Components of Population Change in Texas, 1950-2009

Year*	Population	Numerical Change	Natural Increase	Net Migration	Percent Change	Percent Change Due to: Natural Increase	Percent Change Due to: Net Migration
1950	7,711,194	--	--	--	--	--	--
1960	9,579,677	1,868,483	1,754,652	113,831	24.2	93.91	6.09
1970	11,196,730	1,617,053	1,402,683	214,370	16.9	86.74	13.26
1980	14,229,191	3,032,461	1,260,794	1,771,667	27.1	41.58	58.42
1990	16,986,510	2,757,319	1,815,670	941,649	19.9	65.85	34.15
2000	20,851,820	3,865,310	1,919,281	1,946,029	22.8	49.65	50.35
2009	24,782,302	3,930,484	2,124,124	1,781,785	18.8	54.04	45.33

* All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2009 is for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

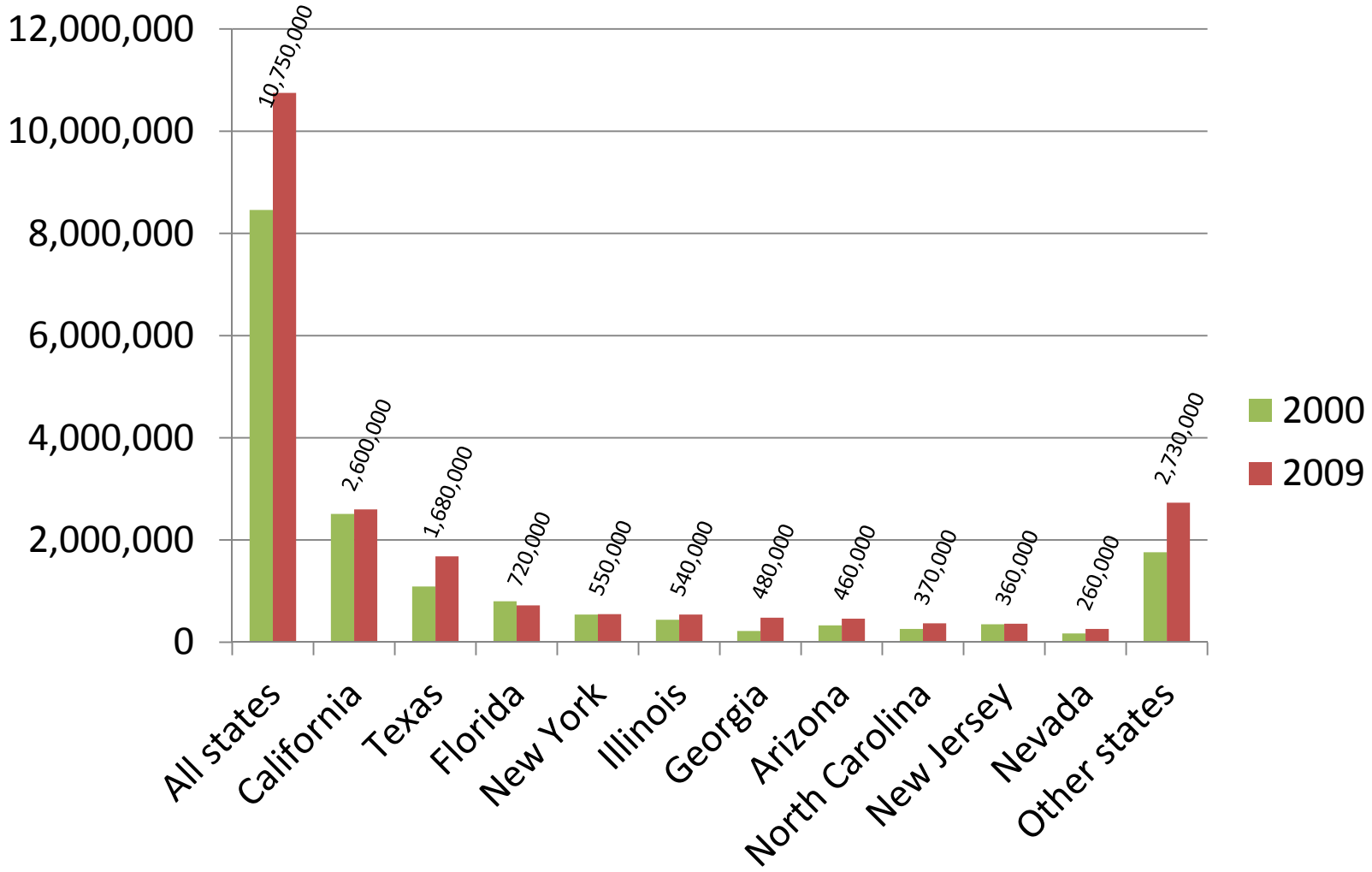
Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.
Note: Residual values are not presented in this table.

Estimated Number and Percent of Migrants to Texas between 2000 and 2009 by Race and Ethnicity

	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Total
Net domestic migration					
Number of migrants	371,150	238,866	195,024	43,663	848,702
Percent of Row Total	**44%**	28%	23%	5%	
International migration					
Number of migrants	224,820	469,591	73,140	165,532	933,083
Percent of Row Total	24%	**50%**	8%	18%	
Total					
Number of migrants	595,970	708,457	268,163	209,195	1,781,785
Percent of Row Total	33%	40%	15%	12%	

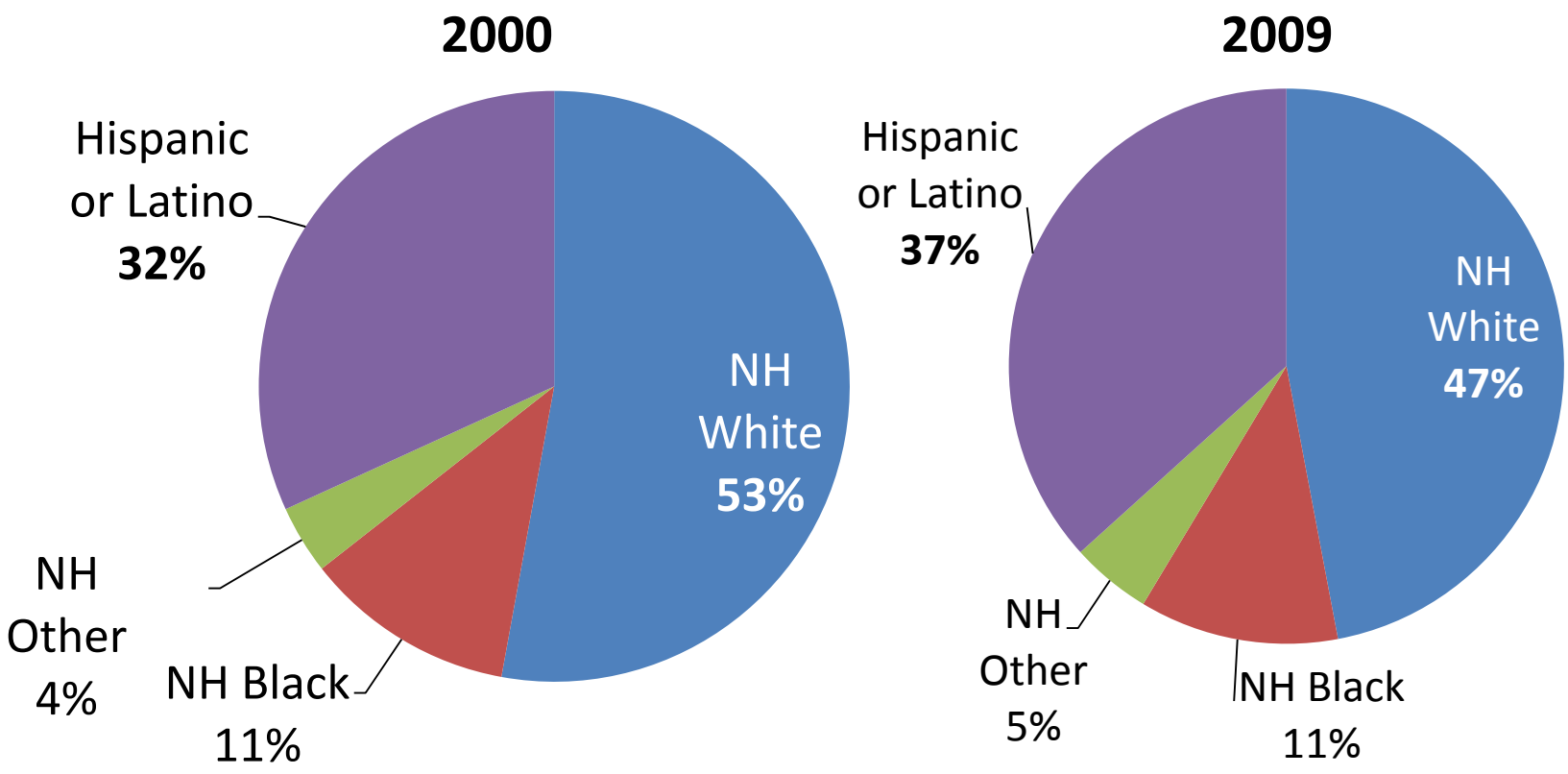
Sources: Percentages of domestic and international migrants by race and ethnicity derived from the 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Total numbers of domestic and international migrants between 2000-2009 are from Table 4. Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2009, U.S. Census Bureau

Estimated Unauthorized Immigrant Population by State of Residence: January 2009 and 2000



Source: U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

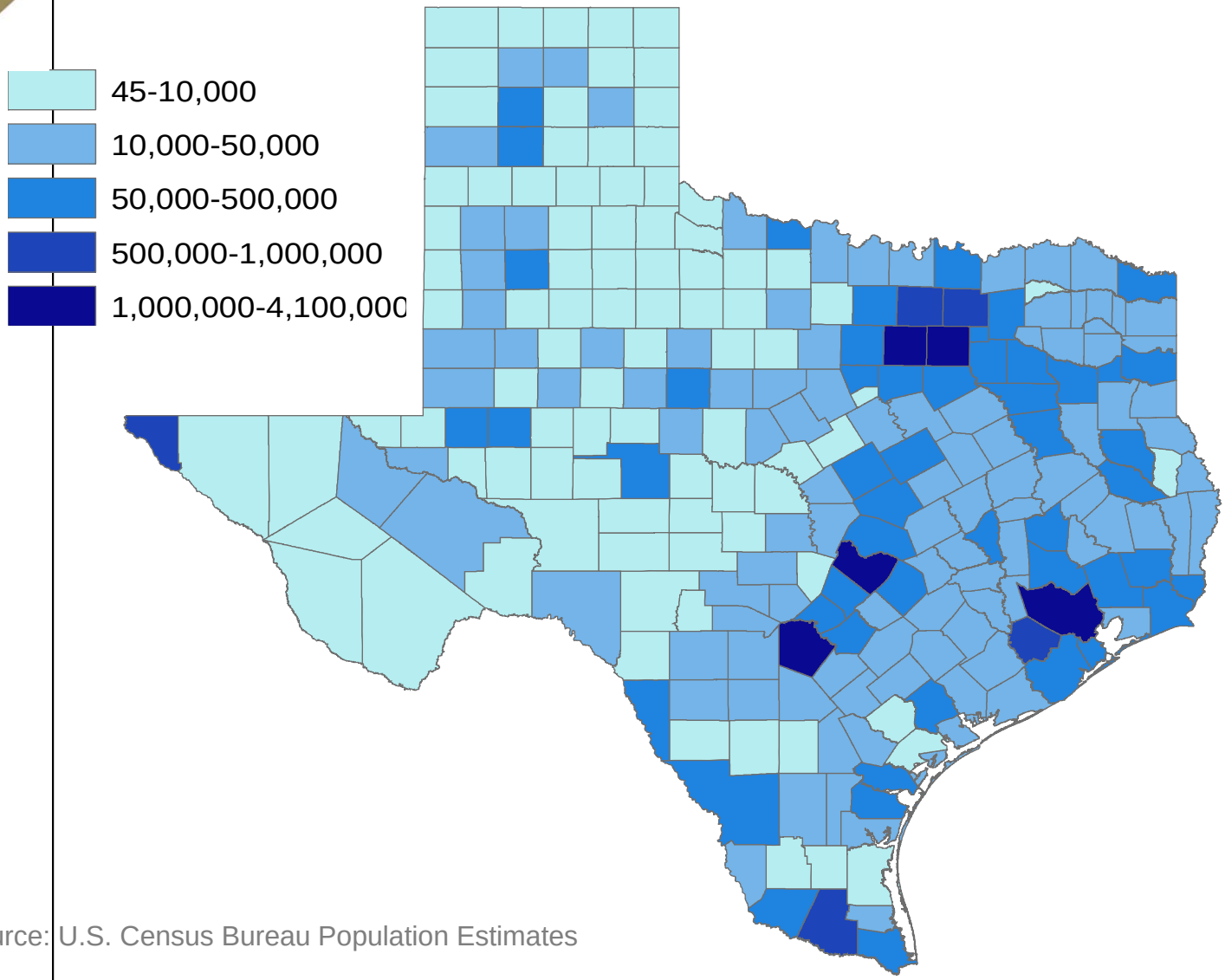
Texas Racial and Ethnic Composition, 2000 and 2009



Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2000 Census count and 2009 Population Estimate

Geographic Patterns

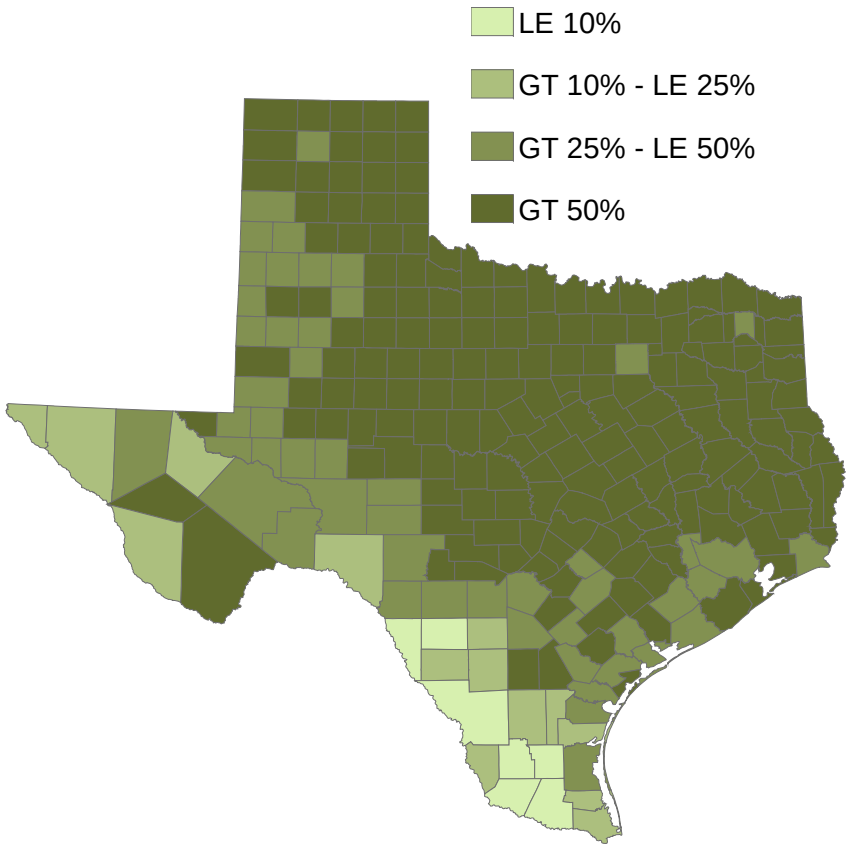
Total Population in Texas Counties, 2009



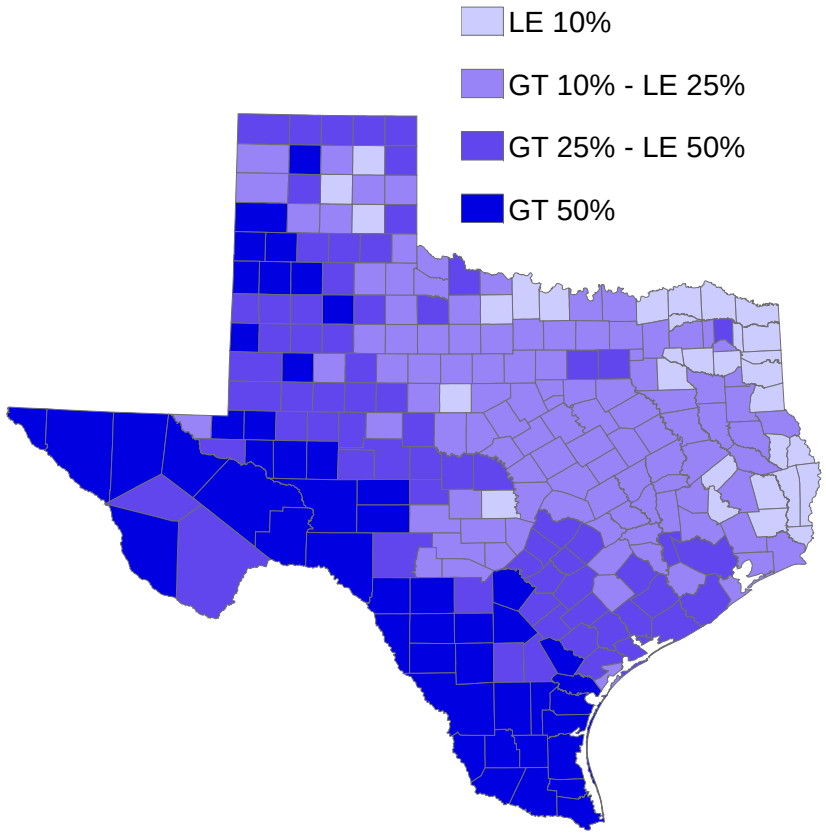
Source: U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates

Estimate percent non-Hispanic Anglo and Hispanic by County, 2009

non-Hispanic Anglo



Hispanic



Source: U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates

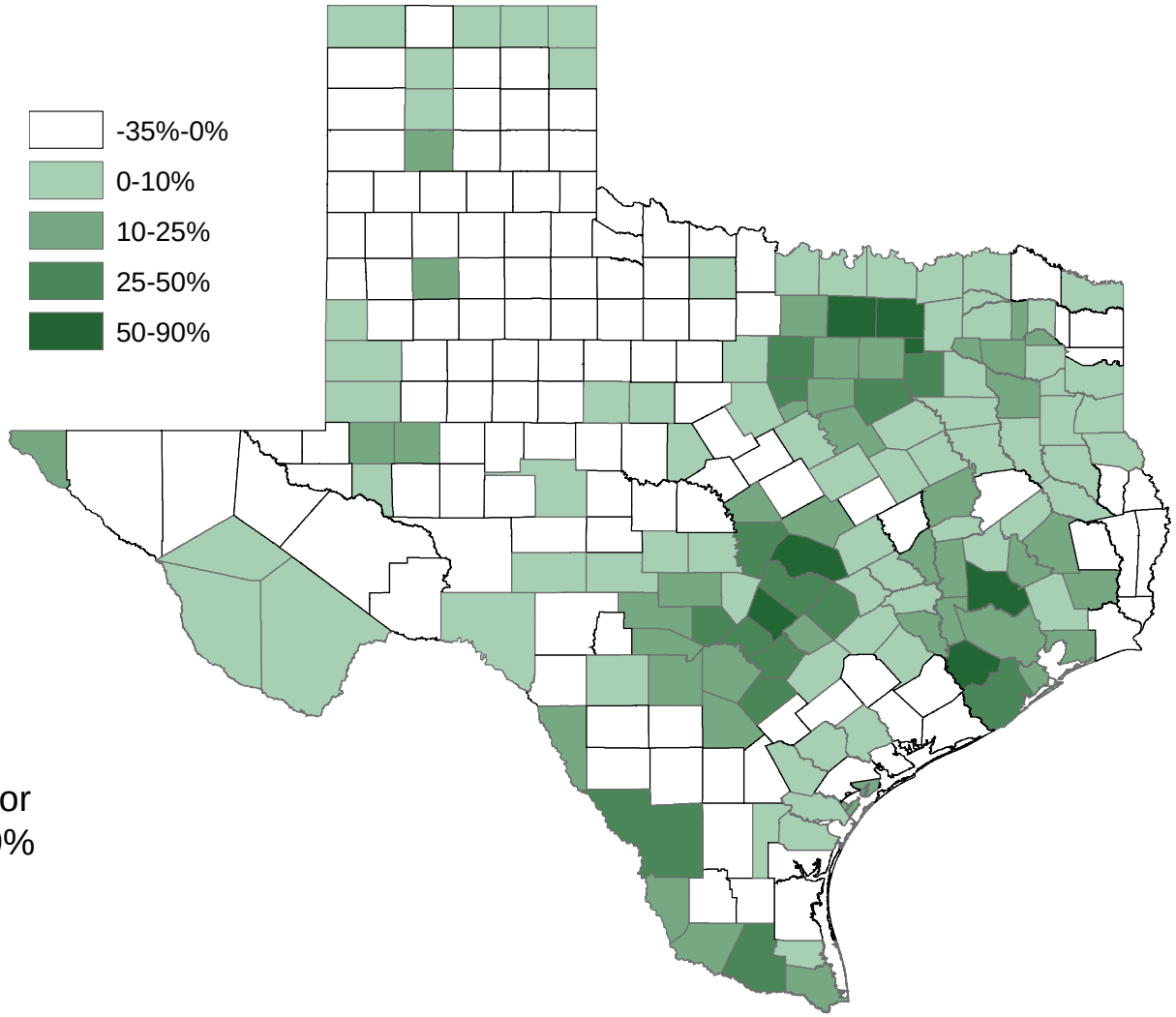
Number of Texas Counties by Percent Race/Ethnicity, 2000 and 2009

% of Population	Non-Hispanic Anglo				Hispanic			
	2000	**%**	**2009**	**%**	**2000**	**%**	**2009**	**%**
0-10%	6	2.4%	7	2.8%	58	22.8%	34	13.4%
10-25%	15	5.9%	14	5.5%	93	36.6%	103	40.6%
25-50%	32	12.6%	52	20.5%	69	27.2%	68	26.8%
50+%	**201**	**79.1%**	**181**	**71.3%**	**34**	**13.4%**	**49**	**19.3%**
Total	254		254		254		254	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2000 Census count and 2009 Population Estimate

* Other includes: American Indian and Alaska Native Alone, Asian Alone, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone, and two or more races

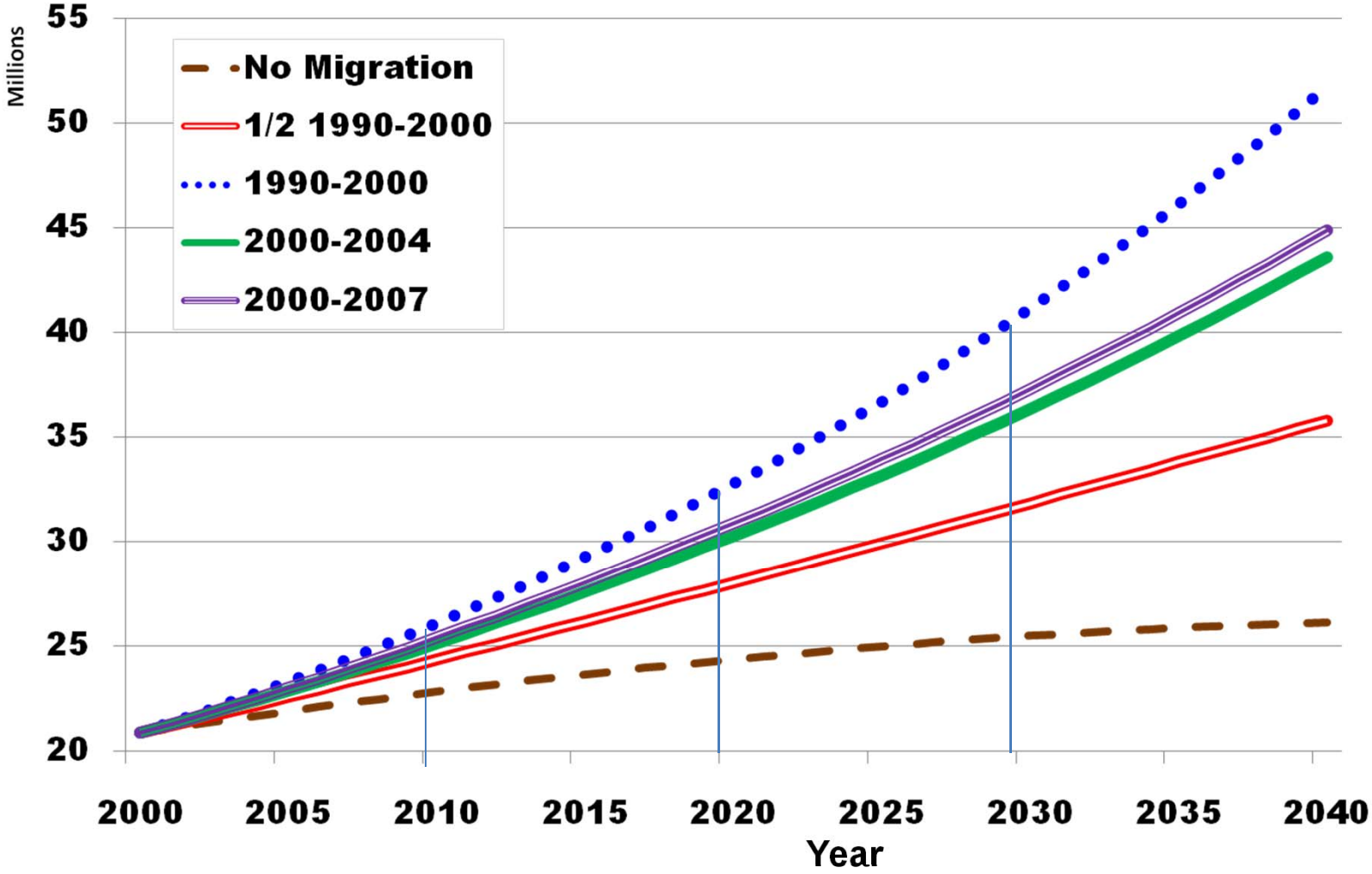
Percent Change of Total Population in Texas Counties, 2000-2009



Population increase for Texas was almost 19% during this period

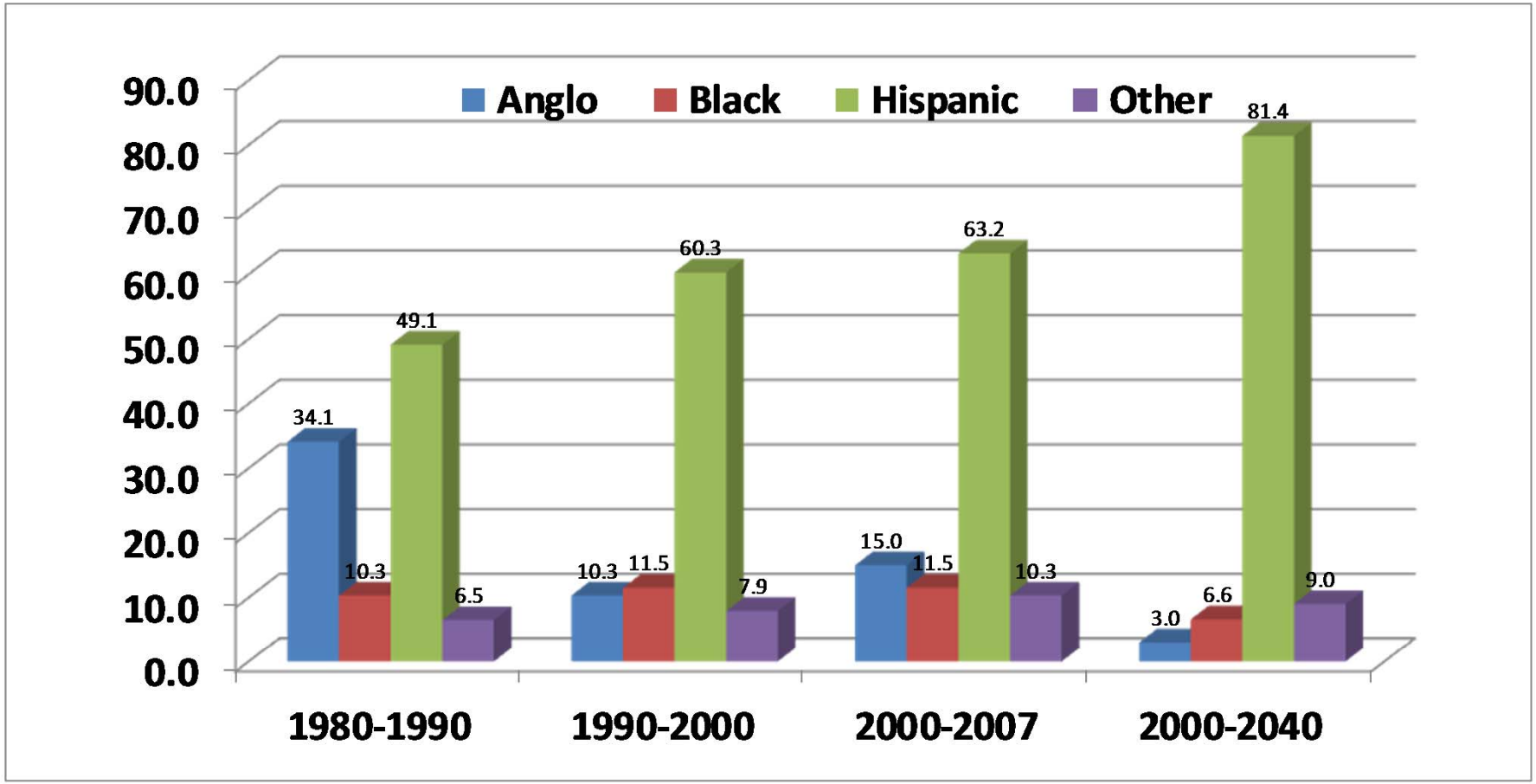
Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2000 Census Count and 2009 Population Estimates

Projected Population Growth in Texas, 2000-2040



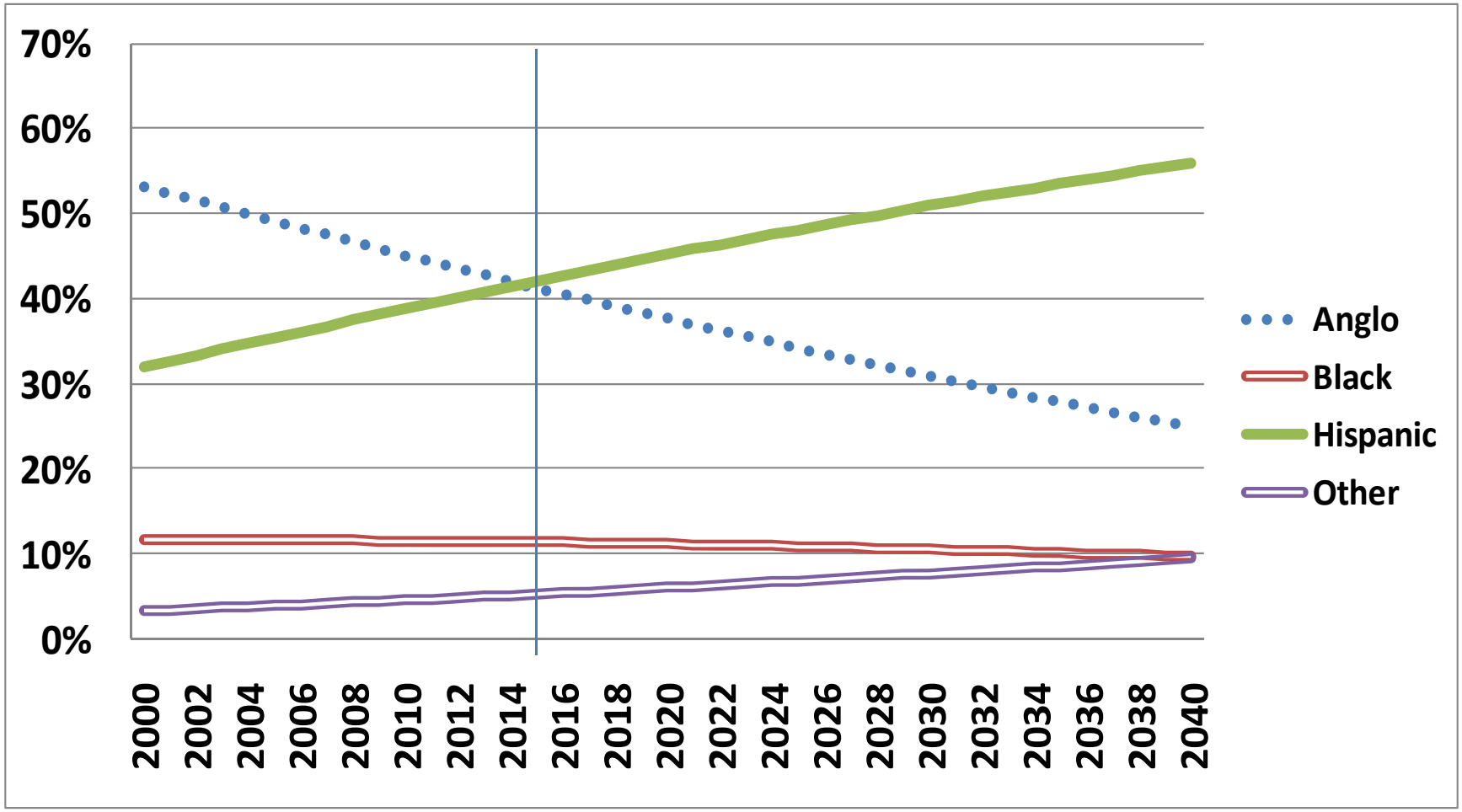
Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections

Percent of Population Growth and Projected Population Growth by Race/Ethnicity, Texas



Source: U.S. Census Counts, and Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections, 0.5 Scenario

Projected Racial and Ethnic Percent, Texas, 2000-2040



Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections , 2000-2007 Migration Scenario

Texas economy

2nd largest in the nation

15th largest in the world

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And The Winner Is—Texas

The Lone Star State is No. 1 again—upsetting Virginia for the second time in three years— with their highest overall score in the history of our study.

OVERALL RANKINGS:

Top Five » More

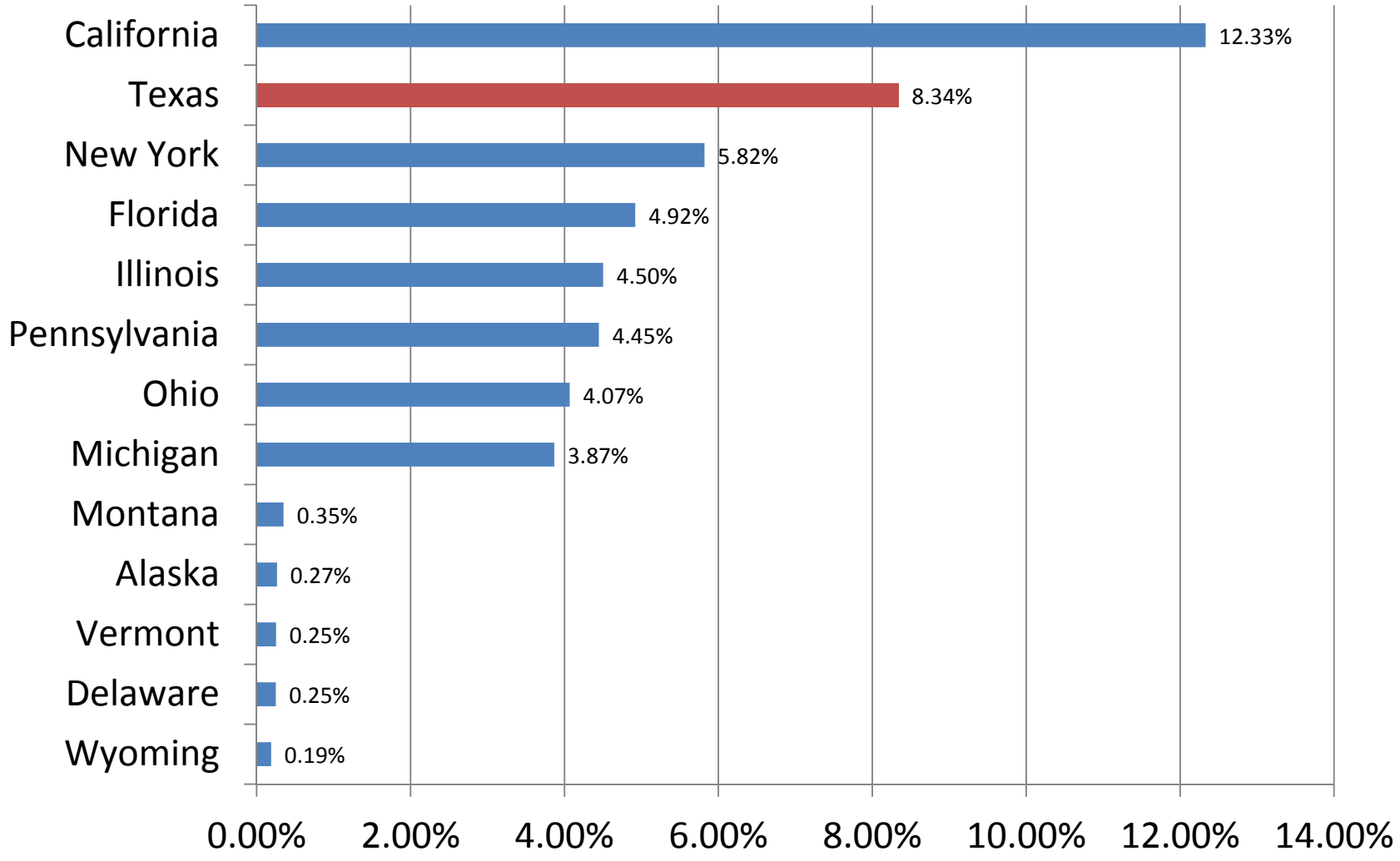
1. Texas
2. Virginia
3. Colorado
4. North Carolina
5. Massachusetts

Bottom Five » More

50. Alaska
49. Rhode Island
48. Hawaii
47. Nevada
46. West Virginia

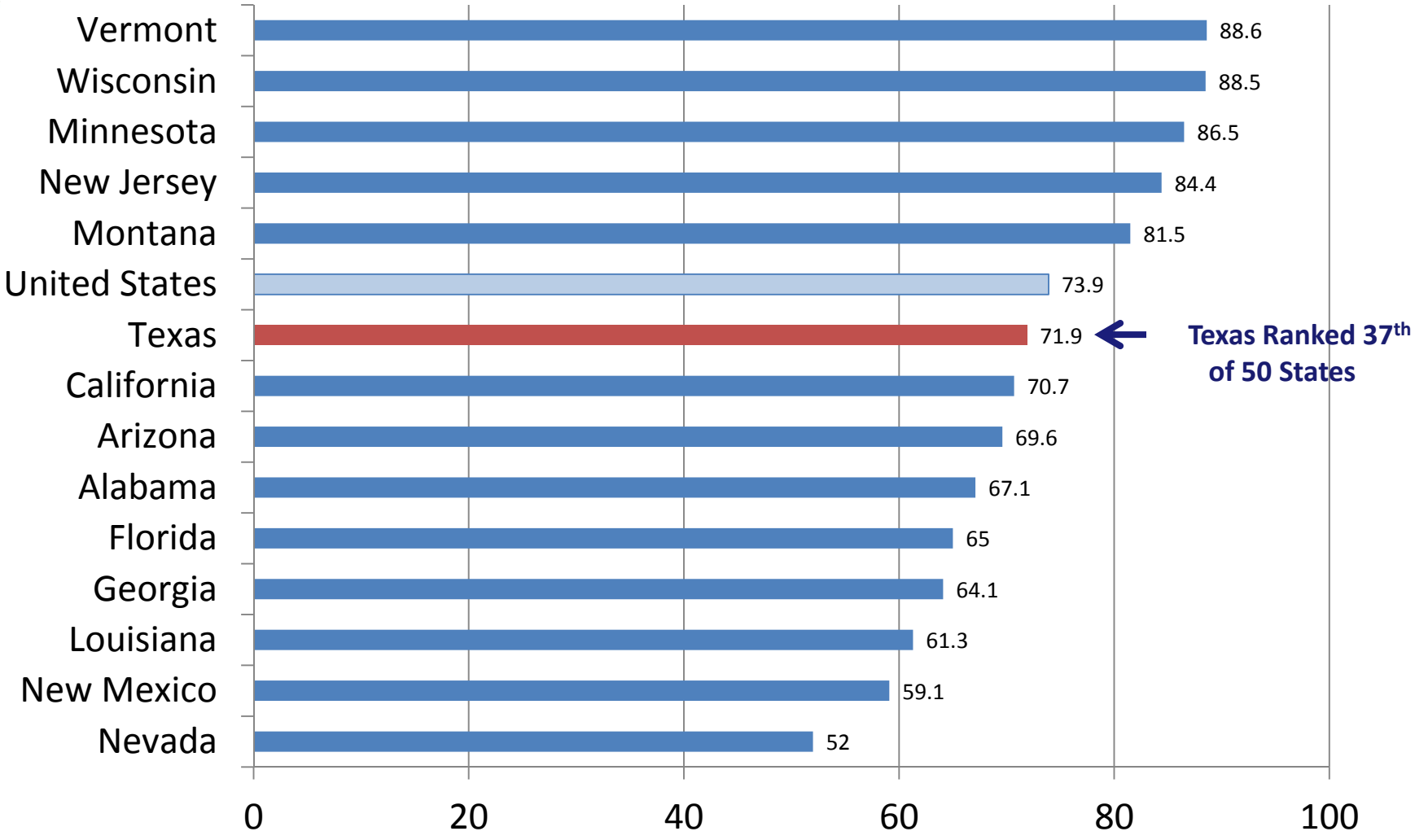
Source: CNBC.com

Percent of U.S. high school graduates from selected states, 2006-2007



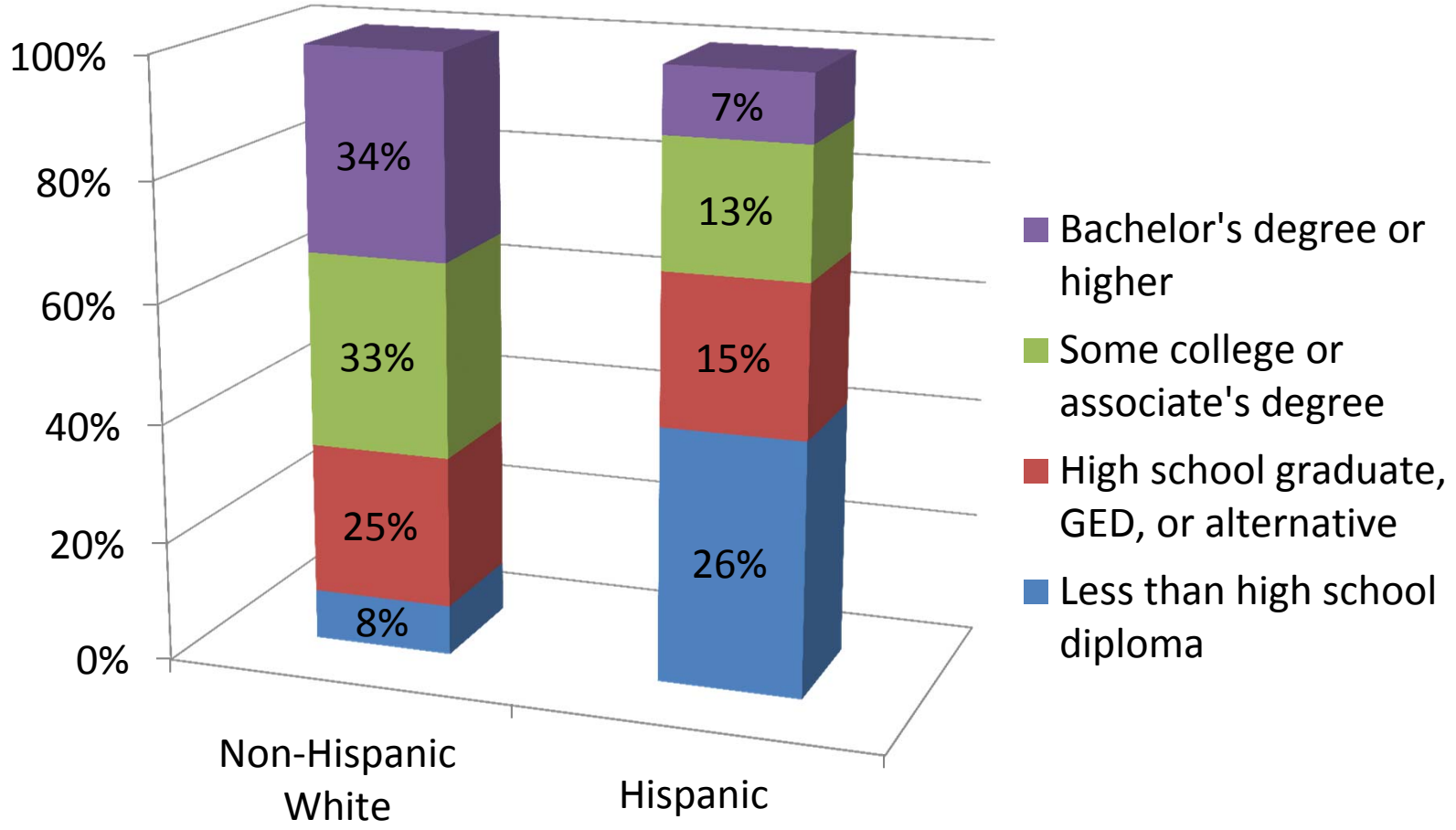
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), "NCES Common Core of Data State Dropout and Completion Data File

Averaged freshman graduation rate (percent) for public high school students, for the U.S. and selected states: 2006–07



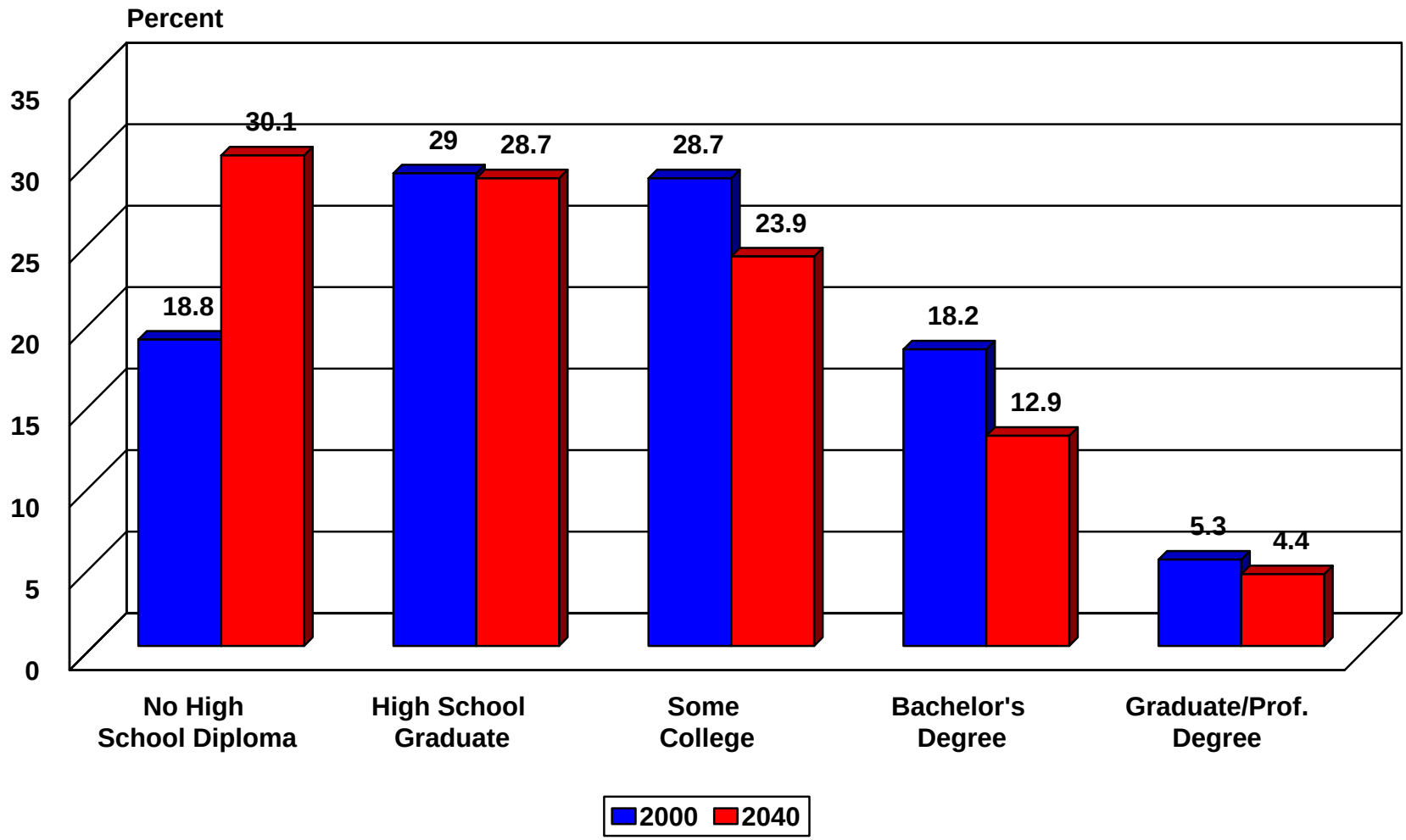
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data (CCD), "NCES Common Core of Data State Dropout and Completion Data File," school year 2006-07

Educational attainment of persons 25+ years of age by ethnicity, Texas, 2009



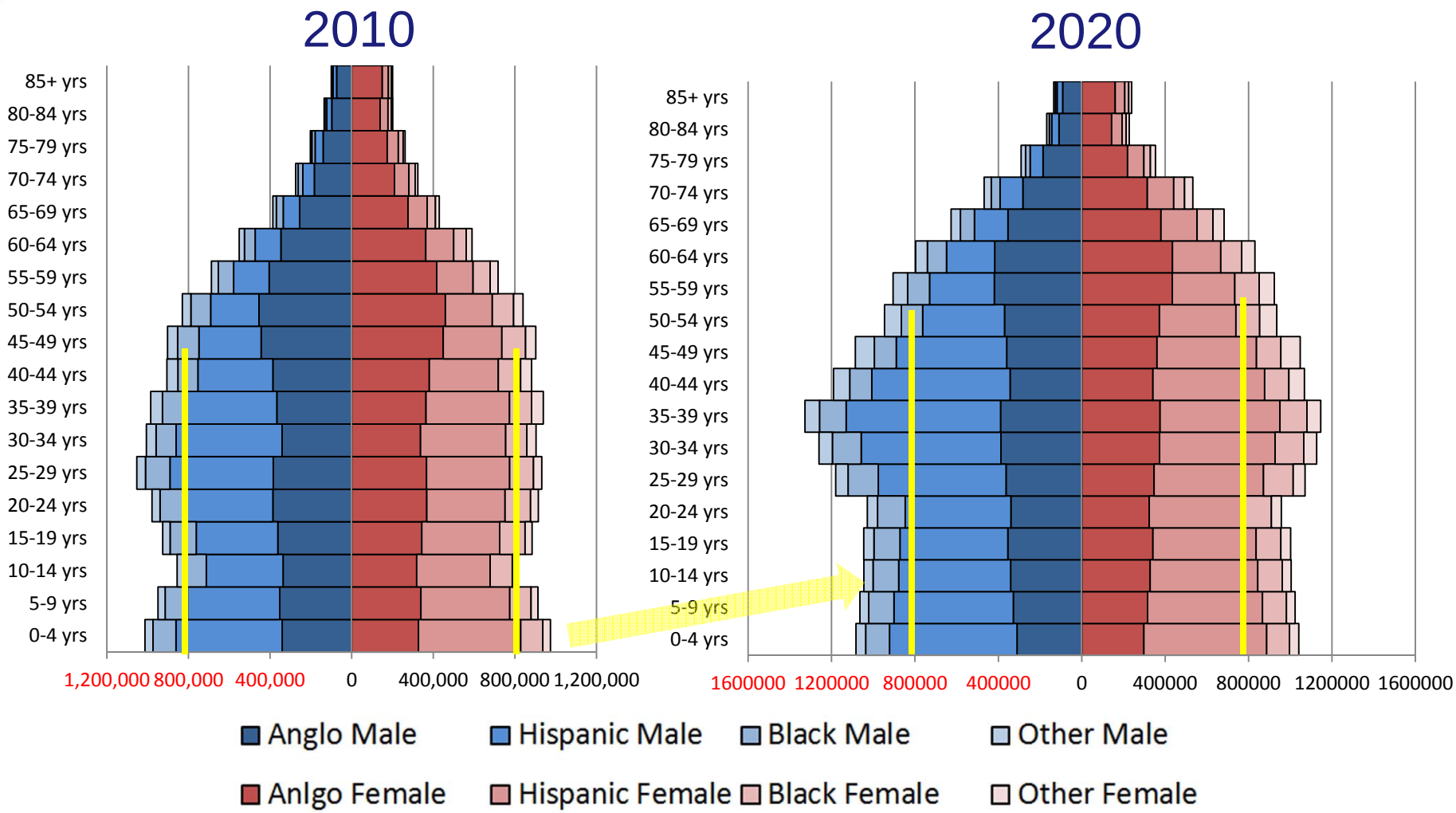
Source: American Community Survey, 2009

Projected Percent of Labor Force (ages 18-64) by Educational Attainment in Texas, 2000 and 2040



* Projections are shown for the 1.0 scenario

Projected Texas Population Pyramids, 2010 and 2020



Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections , 2000-2007 Migration Scenario

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