## Growing States, 2000-2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>United States</strong></td>
<td>281,421,906</td>
<td>308,745,538</td>
<td>27,323,632</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Texas</strong></td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>25,145,561</td>
<td>4,293,741</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>California</strong></td>
<td>33,871,648</td>
<td>37,253,956</td>
<td>3,382,308</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Florida</strong></td>
<td>15,982,378</td>
<td>18,801,310</td>
<td>2,818,932</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Georgia</strong></td>
<td>8,186,453</td>
<td>9,687,653</td>
<td>1,501,200</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>North Carolina</strong></td>
<td>8,049,313</td>
<td>9,535,483</td>
<td>1,486,170</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arizona</strong></td>
<td>5,130,632</td>
<td>6,392,017</td>
<td>1,261,385</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Population values are decennial census counts for April 1 for 2000 and 2010.

15.7% of numerical change in U.S.

Population Change of Fast Growing States between 2000 and 2010

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2000 and 2010 Decennial Census
## Total Population and Components of Population Change in Texas, 1950-2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year*</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Numerical Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
<th>Percent Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>7,711,194</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>9,579,677</td>
<td>1,868,483</td>
<td>1,754,652</td>
<td>113,831</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>93.91</td>
<td>6.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>11,196,730</td>
<td>1,617,053</td>
<td>1,402,683</td>
<td>214,370</td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>86.74</td>
<td>13.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>14,229,191</td>
<td>3,032,461</td>
<td>1,260,794</td>
<td>1,771,667</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>41.58</td>
<td>58.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>16,986,510</td>
<td>2,757,319</td>
<td>1,815,670</td>
<td>941,649</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>65.85</td>
<td>34.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>3,865,310</td>
<td>1,919,281</td>
<td>1,946,029</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>49.65</td>
<td>50.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>24,782,302</td>
<td>3,930,484</td>
<td>2,124,124</td>
<td>1,781,785</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>54.04</td>
<td>45.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2009 are for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Source: Derived from U.S. Census Bureau Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.

Note: Residual values are not presented in this table.
Estimated Annual Net Migration to Texas, 2000 to 2009

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census 2009 Estimates
Percent of Migrants to Texas between 2000 and 2009 by Race and Ethnicity

52% of all migrants were international

67% of all migrants

Sources: Percentages of domestic and international migrants by race and ethnicity derived from the 2006-2008 American Community Survey. Total numbers of domestic and international migrants between 2000-2009 are from Table 4. Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Resident Population Change for the United States, Regions, States, and Puerto Rico: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2009, U.S. Census Bureau
Estimated domestic migration (2000-2008) by county as a percentage of 2000 population

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, March 19, 2009. Map produced by the Texas State Data Center
Estimated international migration (2000-2008) by county as a percentage of 2000 population

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, March 19, 2009. Map produced by the Texas State Data Center
Texas Racial and Ethnic Composition, 2000 and 2010

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2000 and 2010 Census count
Projected Texas Population Pyramid by Race/Ethnicity, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center Population Projections, 2009
Projected Texas Population Pyramids by Race/Ethnicity, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center Population Projections, 2009
Total Population by County, 2010

Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2010 Decennial Census
Change of the Total Population by County, 2000 to 2010

Legend
-3,200 - 0
1 - 10,000
10,001 - 50,000
50,001 - 100,000
100,001 - 700,000

Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 Decennial Census
Population increase for Texas was 20.6% during this period.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 Decennial Census
Projected Population Growth in Texas, 2000-2040

Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections
Projected Racial and Ethnic Percent, Texas, 2000-2040

Projected population by county, Texas, 2040

Percent Projected Change of Total Population in Texas Counties, 2008-2040
Economic, Social, and Health Characteristics
Texas Total Nonfarm Employment Quarterly Growth

1-quarter % change, SAAR

Source: BLS/TWC, seasonal and other adjustments by FRB Dallas
http://www.dallasfed.org
Texas and U.S. Unemployment Rate

Source: BLS

http://www.dallasfed.org
Median Household Income by County, 2006-2008

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 3-Year Sample 2006-2008
Percent of Population Less than 18 Years of Age, Living Below Poverty During Past 12 Months, 2006-2008

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 3-Year Sample 2006-2008
Percent of the population, aged 5 years and over, who speak Spanish at home, 2009

Over three-fourths of Hispanics in Texas speak English well, very well, or only English at home.

Source: American Community Survey, 2009
Percent of Population 5 years and over who speak Spanish at home, 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
Educational attainment of persons 25+ years of age by ethnicity, Texas, 2009

Source: 2009 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates
Projected Percent of Labor Force by Educational Attainment in Texas, 2000 and 2040

* Projections are shown for the 1.0 scenario.
Estimated Number of Adults with Obesity in Texas by County, 2008

Estimates of the Percentage of Adults 20 years and older with Obesity in Texas by County, 2008

Share of Obese, Overweight and Normal-Weight Adults by Race/Ethnicity, 2009, Texas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Obese (%)</th>
<th>Overweight (%)</th>
<th>Normal (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White (45%)</td>
<td>25.70</td>
<td>37.90</td>
<td>36.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black (11%)</td>
<td>35.70</td>
<td>35.50</td>
<td>28.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic (38%)</td>
<td>36.40</td>
<td>37.60</td>
<td>25.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (6%)</td>
<td>12.10</td>
<td>33.90</td>
<td>54.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Percent of total Texas population in 2010)

Source: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Projected Increase in Obesity in Texas by Ethnicity, 2006 to 2040

Source: Office of the State Demographer Projections, using 2000-2004 migration scenario population projections
Projected Number of Adults with Diabetes by Race and Ethnicity, Texas, 2010-2040

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Demographic Highlights

TEXAS is:

big. The population of Texas is the second largest in the United States, exceeding 25 million people in 2010.\(^7\)

young. Approximately 28% of Texas’ population is under 18 and only 10% of the population is older than 65 years.\(^1\) Webb County in Texas, has the youngest population in the U.S. with children younger than 5 comprising 12.8% of the population.\(^8\)

embracing of culture and diversity. Approximately 9 million or 38% of Texans are of Hispanic descent, 2.8 million or 12% are African Americans, and 1 million or 4% are other (non-Anglo mainly of Asian descent).\(^1\) In about a decade, it is expected that Texas’ population will have more persons of Hispanic descent than any other racial or ethnic group.\(^4\)

a desired place to live and work. Net in-migration to Texas accounts for almost half of the population growth in recent years.\(^1\) More than 171,900 college graduates moved into Texas each year between 2006 and 2008, placing Texas as 2nd in the Nation by this measure.

urban. Texas has three of the top 10 largest cities in the Nation.\(^3\) Several of the metropolitan areas in Texas are among the most rapidly growing in the Nation.\(^5\)
25 Million Reasons to be Proud of Texas (among a few more)

Demographic Highlights

TEXAS is:

rural. Texas is the second largest state in the Nation in terms of square miles (268,601) and approximately 17% of the population lives in rural areas.¹

a working state. Texas has a civilian labor force of more than twelve million workers and an unemployment rate lower than in most States.⁶

family oriented. Texas ranks 3rd among states for the percent of households which are married-couple families with children (24.4%).²

multigenerational. Texas ranks 3rd among states for percent of households which are multigenerational (4.5%).²

growing – fast. Texas gained more population than any other state in the last estimate year (between 2000 and 2010), adding 4,293,741 people.⁷ Among cities over 100,000 population in the U.S., 4 of the 10 fastest growing areas are in Texas (2007-2008 change).⁷