The Changing Demographics of New American Children

Children’s Law Symposium
October 26, 2011
Houston, TX

OFFICE OF THE STATE DEMOGRAFER
# Growing States, 2000-2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>281,421,906</td>
<td>308,745,538</td>
<td>27,323,632</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>25,145,561</td>
<td>4,293,741</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>33,871,648</td>
<td>37,253,956</td>
<td>3,382,308</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>15,982,378</td>
<td>18,801,310</td>
<td>2,818,932</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>8,186,453</td>
<td>9,687,653</td>
<td>1,501,200</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>8,049,313</td>
<td>9,535,483</td>
<td>1,486,170</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>5,130,632</td>
<td>6,392,017</td>
<td>1,261,385</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.7% of numerical change in U.S.

Note: Population values are decennial census counts for April 1, 2000 and April 1, 2010. 
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year*</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Numerical Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
<th>Percent Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>7,711,194</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>9,579,677</td>
<td>1,868,483</td>
<td>1,754,652</td>
<td>113,831</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>93.91</td>
<td>6.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>11,196,730</td>
<td>1,617,053</td>
<td>1,402,683</td>
<td>214,370</td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>86.74</td>
<td>13.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>14,229,191</td>
<td>3,032,461</td>
<td>1,260,794</td>
<td>1,771,667</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>41.58</td>
<td>58.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>16,986,510</td>
<td>2,757,319</td>
<td>1,815,670</td>
<td>941,649</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>65.85</td>
<td>34.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>3,865,310</td>
<td>1,919,281</td>
<td>1,946,029</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>49.65</td>
<td>50.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>24,782,302</td>
<td>3,930,484</td>
<td>2,124,124</td>
<td>1,781,785</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>54.04</td>
<td>45.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2009 are for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Note: Residual values are not presented in this table.
Source: Derived from U.S. Census Bureau Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center.
Estimated Annual Net Migration to Texas, 2000-2009

Percent of Migrants to Texas by Race and Ethnicity, 2000-2009

- **Net domestic migration**
  - Other: 5%
  - Black: 23%
  - Hispanic: 28%
  - White: 44%
  - Total: 67%
  - (848,702 migrants)

- **International migration**
  - Other: 18%
  - Black: 8%
  - Hispanic: 50%
  - White: 24%
  - Total: 67%
  - (933,083 migrants)

- **Total**
  - Other: 12%
  - Black: 15%
  - Hispanic: 40%
  - White: 33%
  - Total: 52%

Estimated Domestic Migration (2000-2008) by County as a Percentage of the 2000 Population

Legend
-20 to -45%
-19 to -10%
-9 to -5%
-4 to 0%
1 to 5%
6 to 20%
21 to 30%
31 to 65%

Map produced by the Texas State Data Center.
Estimated International Migration (2000-2008) by County as a Percentage of the 2000 Population

Legend

- 0-1%
- 1-2.5%
- 2.5-3.5%
- 3.5-5%
- 5-10%

Map produced by the Texas State Data Center.
Texas Racial and Ethnic Composition, 2000 and 2010

Population increase for Texas was 20.6% during this period.

Numeric Change in Hispanic Population by county, 2000-2010

Numeric Change in Asian Population by County, 2000-2010

Map produced by the Texas State Data Center.
Projected Texas Population Pyramid by Race/Ethnicity, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center Population Projections, 2009
Projected Texas Population Pyramids by Race/Ethnicity, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center Population Projections, 2009
Percent of Population that is Foreign Born by County, 2005-2009

Map produced by the Texas State Data Center.
Legal Status of U.S. Immigrants

37.0 Million Foreign-Born in 2005

Estimates of the U.S. Unauthorized Immigrant Population, 2000-2010

(millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2001</th>
<th>2002</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Estimate</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>9.3*</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>10.4*</td>
<td>11.1*</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>12.0*</td>
<td>11.6</td>
<td>11.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: Bars indicate low and high points of the estimated 90% confidence interval. The symbol * indicates the change from the previous year is statistically significant.

Source: Pew Hispanic Center estimates based on residual methodology applied to March Supplements to the Current Population Survey. See Methodology.
Unauthorized Families’ Mixed Composition

Unauthorized Children: 1.8 million, 16% of all unauthorized
U.S. Citizen Children: 3.1 million, 64% of kids
Other Adults: 375,000

Adult Men: 5.4 million, 58% of Adults
Adult Women: 3.9 million, 42% of Adults

Parents' Status for Births in the U.S., 2009

- Unauthorized: 8%
- Legal Immigrants: 17%
- U.S. Natives: 74%

Notes: Births occurring March 2009 – March 2010 based on population under age 1. Percentages may not add to 100% because of rounding. Source: Pew Hispanic Center estimates based on augmented March Supplements to the Current Population Survey.
Note: Children are persons under age 18 who are not married.
Source: Pew Hispanic Center estimates based on augmented March Supplements to the Current Population Survey.
## States with Largest Estimated Unauthorized Immigrant Populations, 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Estimate (thousands)</th>
<th>Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>2,550</td>
<td>(2,350 - 2,750)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>1,650</td>
<td>(1,450 - 1,850)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>825</td>
<td>(725 - 950)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>625</td>
<td>(525 - 725)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>(425 - 650)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>(425 - 625)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>425</td>
<td>(300 - 550)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>(275 - 500)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Pew Hispanic Center estimates based on residual methodology applied to March Supplements to the Current Population Survey (February 1, 2011).
Percent of the Population 5 Years and Over Who Speak Spanish at Home, 2009

Percent of the Population 5 Years and Over Who Speak Spanish at Home, 2006-2009

Educational Attainment of Persons 25 Years of Age and Older by Ethnicity in Texas, 2009

- **Non-Hispanic White**
  - Bachelor’s degree or higher: 34%
  - Some college or associate’s degree: 33%
  - High school graduate, GED, or alternative: 25%
  - Less than high school diploma: 8%

- **Hispanic**
  - Bachelor’s degree or higher: 11%
  - Some college or associate’s degree: 21%
  - High school graduate, GED, or alternative: 25%
  - Less than high school diploma: 43%

Projected Percent of Labor Force by Educational Attainment in Texas, 2000 and 2040

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Educational Attainment</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2040</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No High School Diploma</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>30.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Graduate</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>28.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some College</td>
<td>28.7</td>
<td>23.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor's Degree</td>
<td>18.2</td>
<td>12.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate/Prof. Degree</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Projections are shown for the 1.0 scenario

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