



Texas Demography: Change, Projections, and English Learners

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Sources of Growth





Fastest Growing States, 2000-2008

State	2000 Population*	2008 Population*	Numerical Change 2000-2008	Percent Change 2000-2008
Texas	20,851,820	24,326,974	3,465,154	16.7
California	33,871,648	36,756,666	2,885,018	8.5
Florida	15,982,378	18,328,840	2,346,462	14.7
Georgia	8,186,453	9,685,744	1,499,291	18.3
Arizona	5,130,632	6,500,180	1,369,548	26.7
North Carolina	8,049,313	9,222,414	1,173,101	14.6
Virginia	7,078,515	7,769,089	690,574	9.8
Washington	5,894,121	6,549,224	655,103	11.1
Nevada	1,998,257	2,600,167	601,910	30.1
Colorado	4,301,261	4,939,456	638,195	14.8

* Population values are decennial census counts for April 1 for 2000 and estimates for July 1 for 2008.

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.



Total Population and Components of Population Change in Texas, 1950-2008

Year *	Population	Numerical Change	Natural Increase	Net Migration	Percent Change	Percent Change Due to	
						Natural Increase	Net Migration
1950	7,711,194	--	--	--	--	--	--
1960	9,579,677	1,868,483	1,754,652	113,831	24.2	93.91	6.09
1970	11,196,730	1,617,053	1,402,683	214,370	16.9	86.74	13.26
1980	14,229,191	3,032,461	1,260,794	1,771,667	27.1	41.58	58.42
1990	16,986,510	2,757,319	1,815,670	941,649	19.9	65.85	34.15
2000	20,851,820	3,865,310	1,919,281	1,946,029	22.8	49.65	50.35
2008	24,326,974	3,475,154	1,884,947	1,563,694	16.7	54.20	45.00

* All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2008 is for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.



Natural Increase in Texas (Births minus Deaths)

- Birth Rate: 16.8 per 1,000 vs. 14.0 for US (2nd highest)
- Death Rate: 6.8 per 1,000 vs. 8.3 for US (5th lowest)
- Natural Increase: 10.0 per 1,000 vs. 5.7 for US (3rd highest)

- Texas is young:
 - Median Age: 33.2 vs. 36.8 for US (2nd lowest)

- Texas has a high total fertility rate (Children per woman)
 - 2.34 vs. 2.05 for US (4th highest)



Population Change by Components of Change in the State, 1990-2000 and 2000-2008

State of Texas

1990-2000

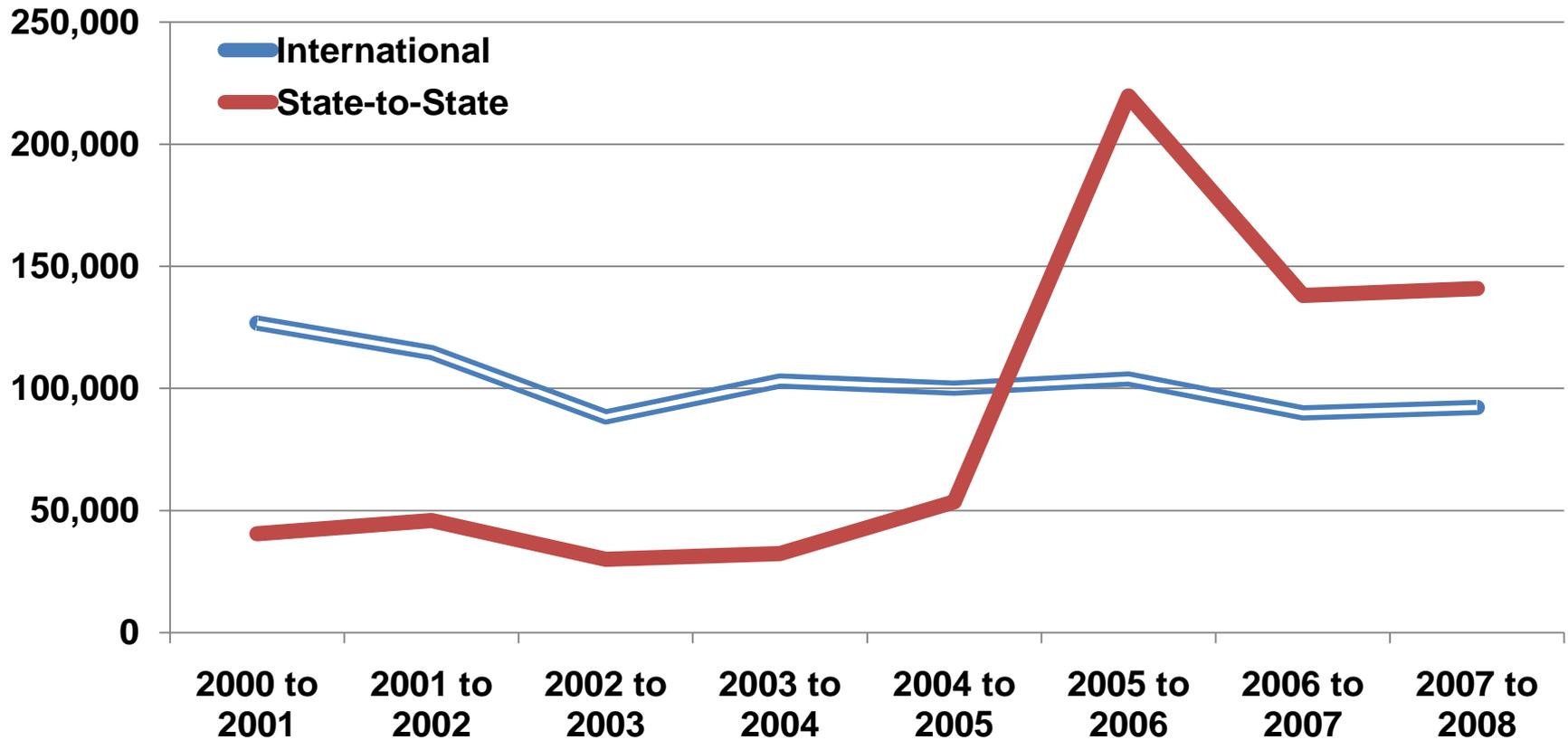
Numerical Change	3,865,485
Natural Increase	1,922,044
Domestic Migration	1,166,570
International Migration	776,871

2000-2008

Numerical Change	3,475,154
Natural Increase	1,884,947
Domestic Migration	711,785
International Migration	851,909

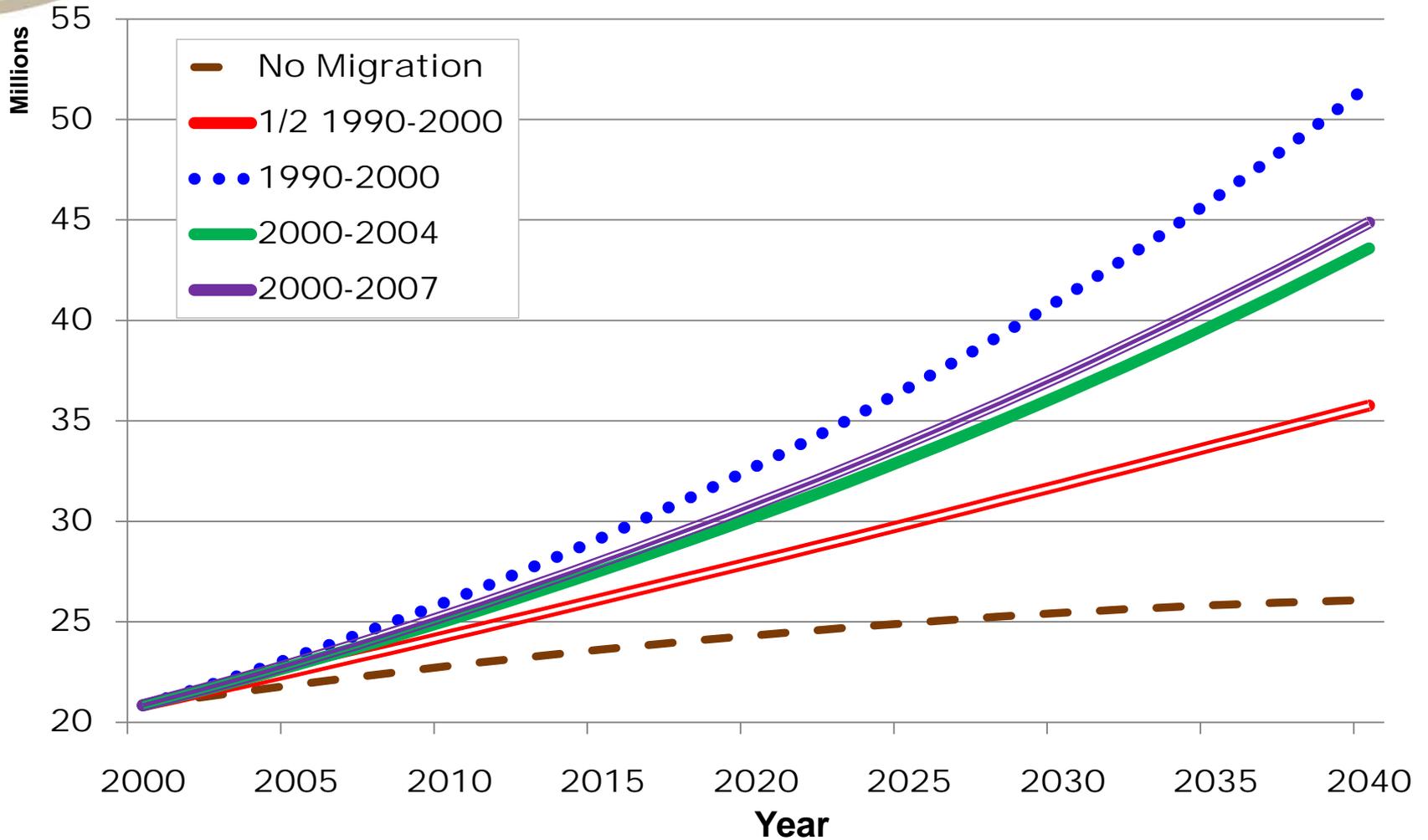


Annual Net Migration to Texas, 2000 to 2008



Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census 2008 Estimates

Population Growth in Texas, 2000-2040



Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections

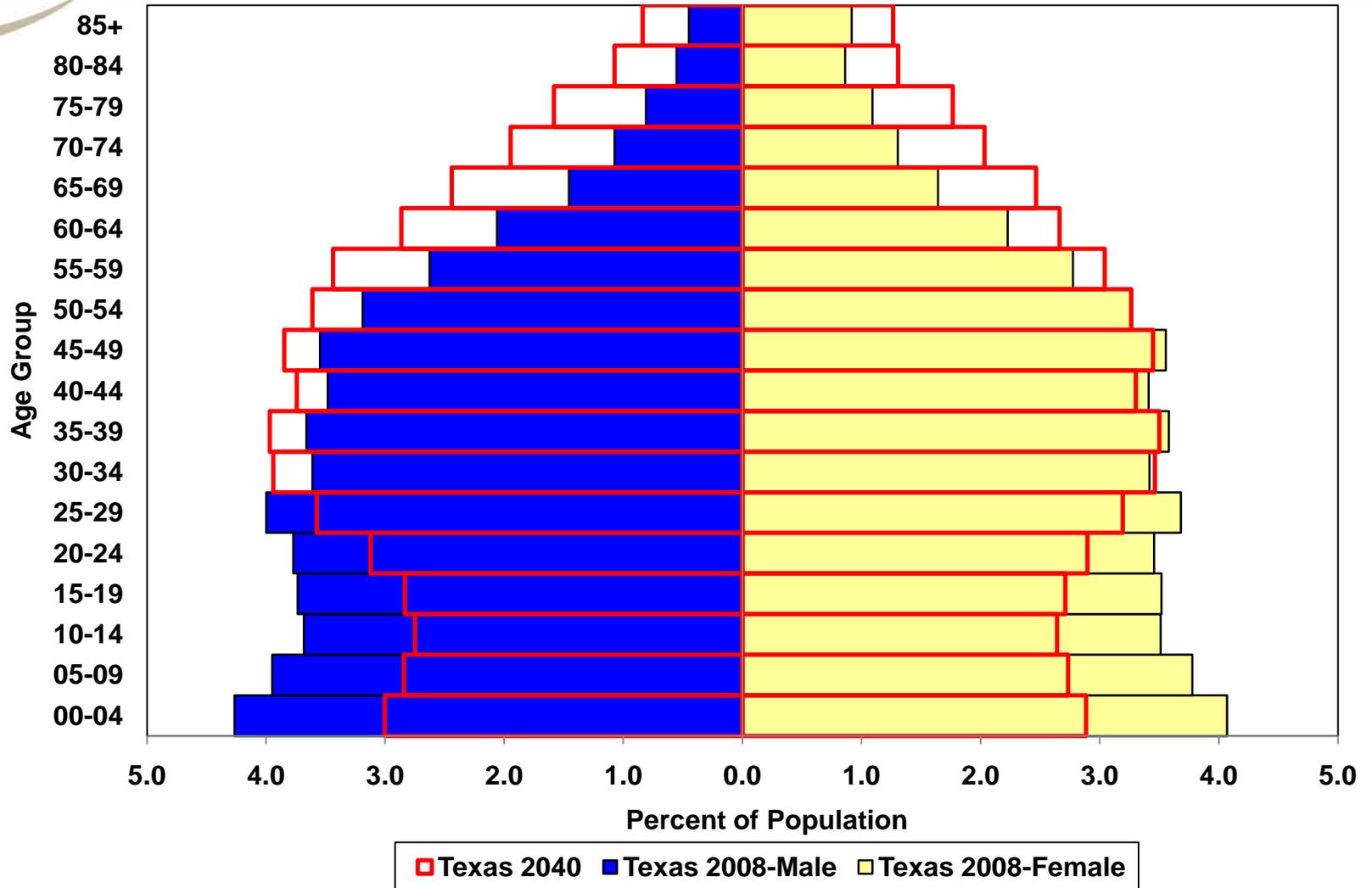


Changes in Age Structure





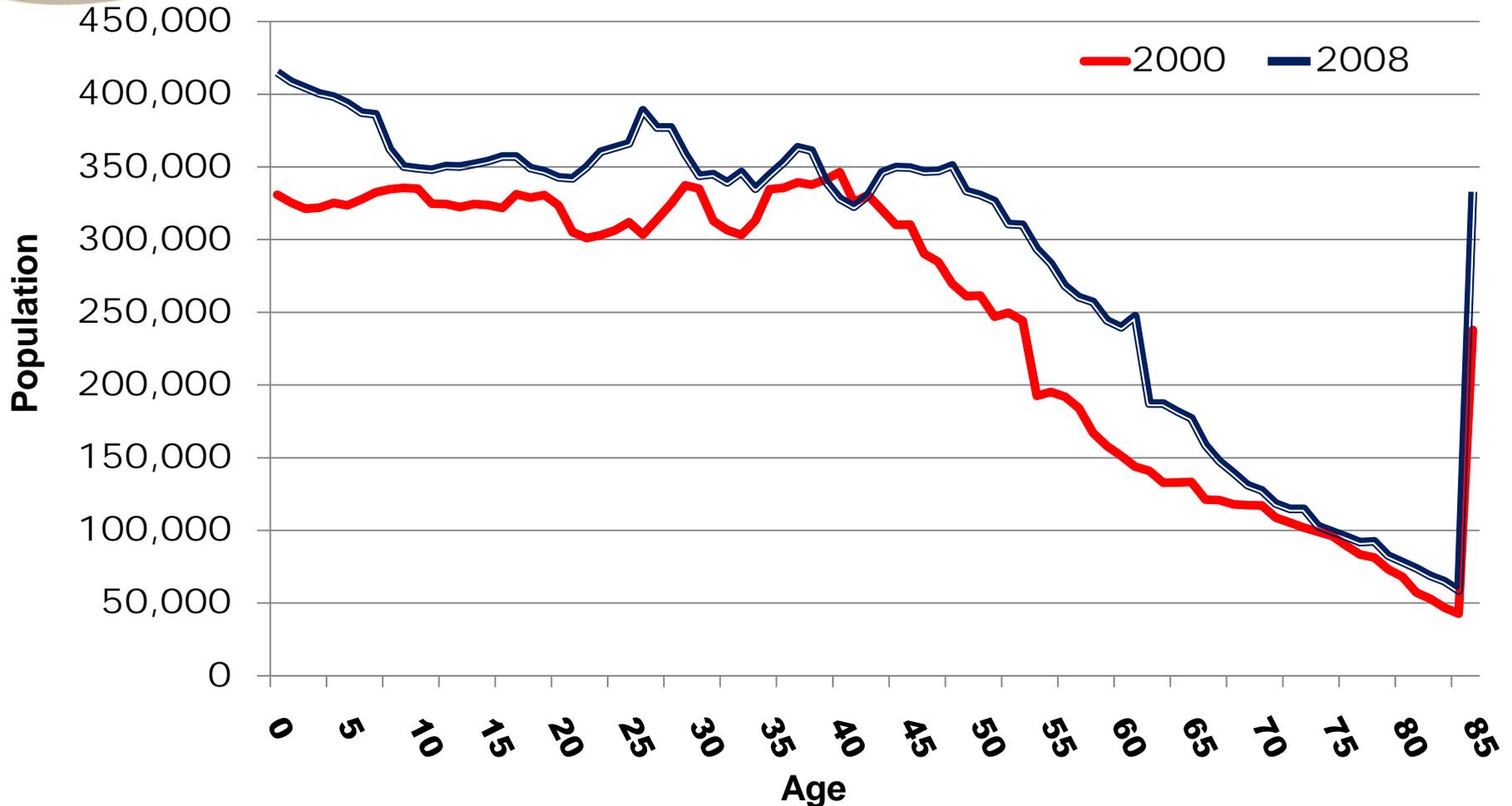
Age-Sex Structure of Texas, 2008 and Projected 2040 (Scenario 2000-2007)



Sources: Census Bureau 2008 Population Estimates; Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections



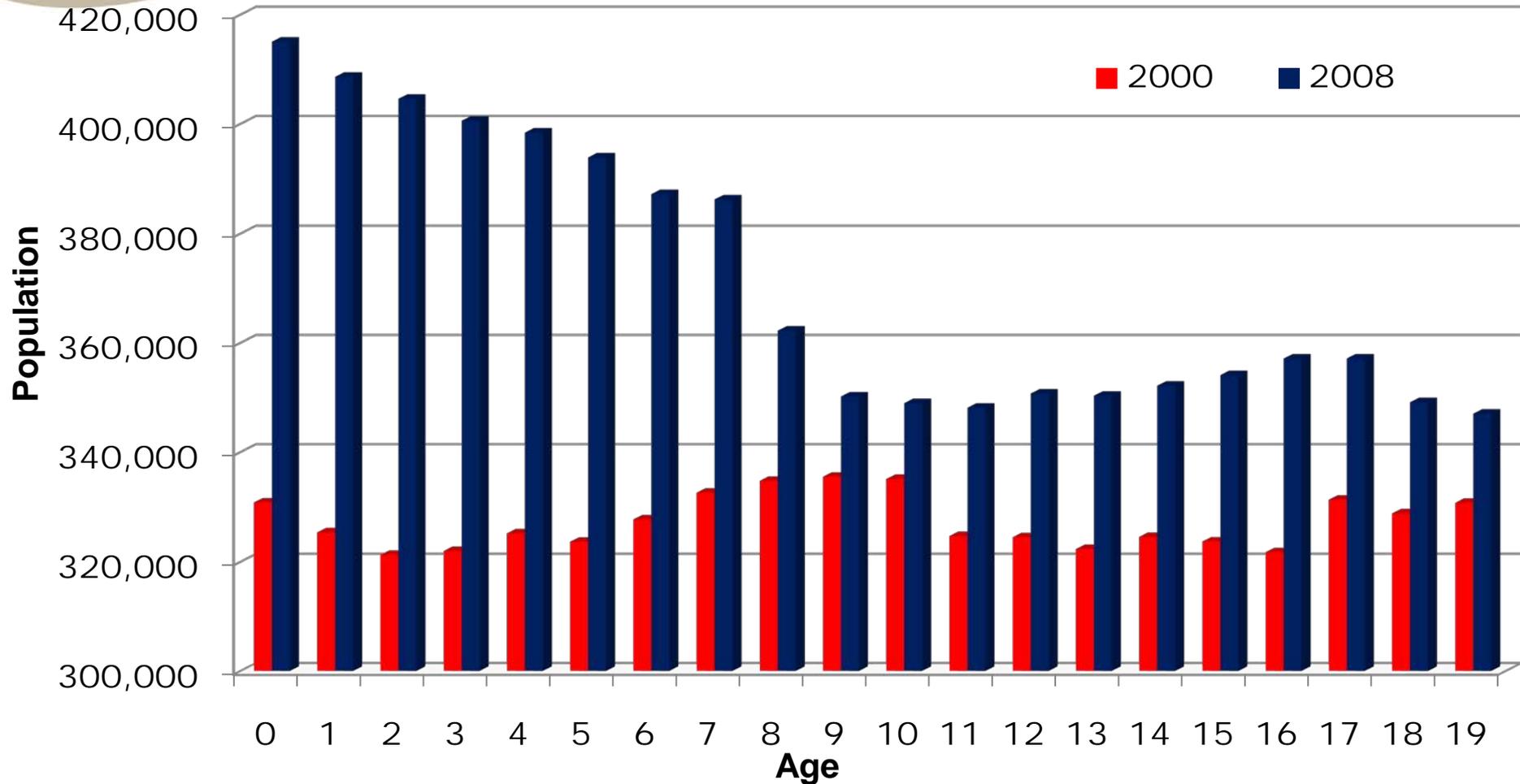
Texas Population by Age, 2000 & 2008



Sources: Census Bureau 2000 Population Counts; Census Bureau 2008 Population Estimates



Texas Children by Age, 2000 and 2008



Sources: Census Bureau 2000 Population Counts; Census Bureau 2008 Population Estimates

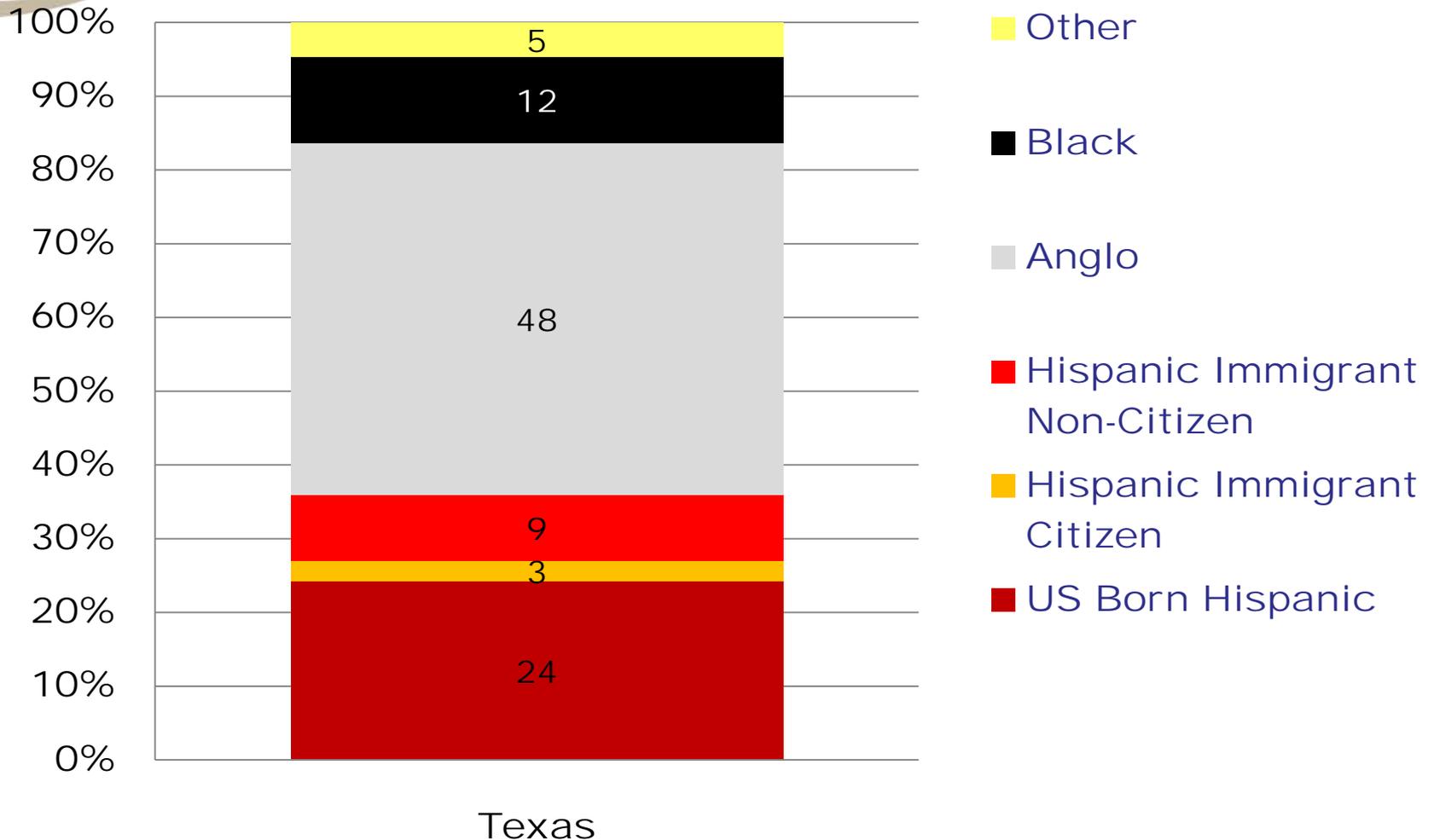


Changes in Ethnic Composition





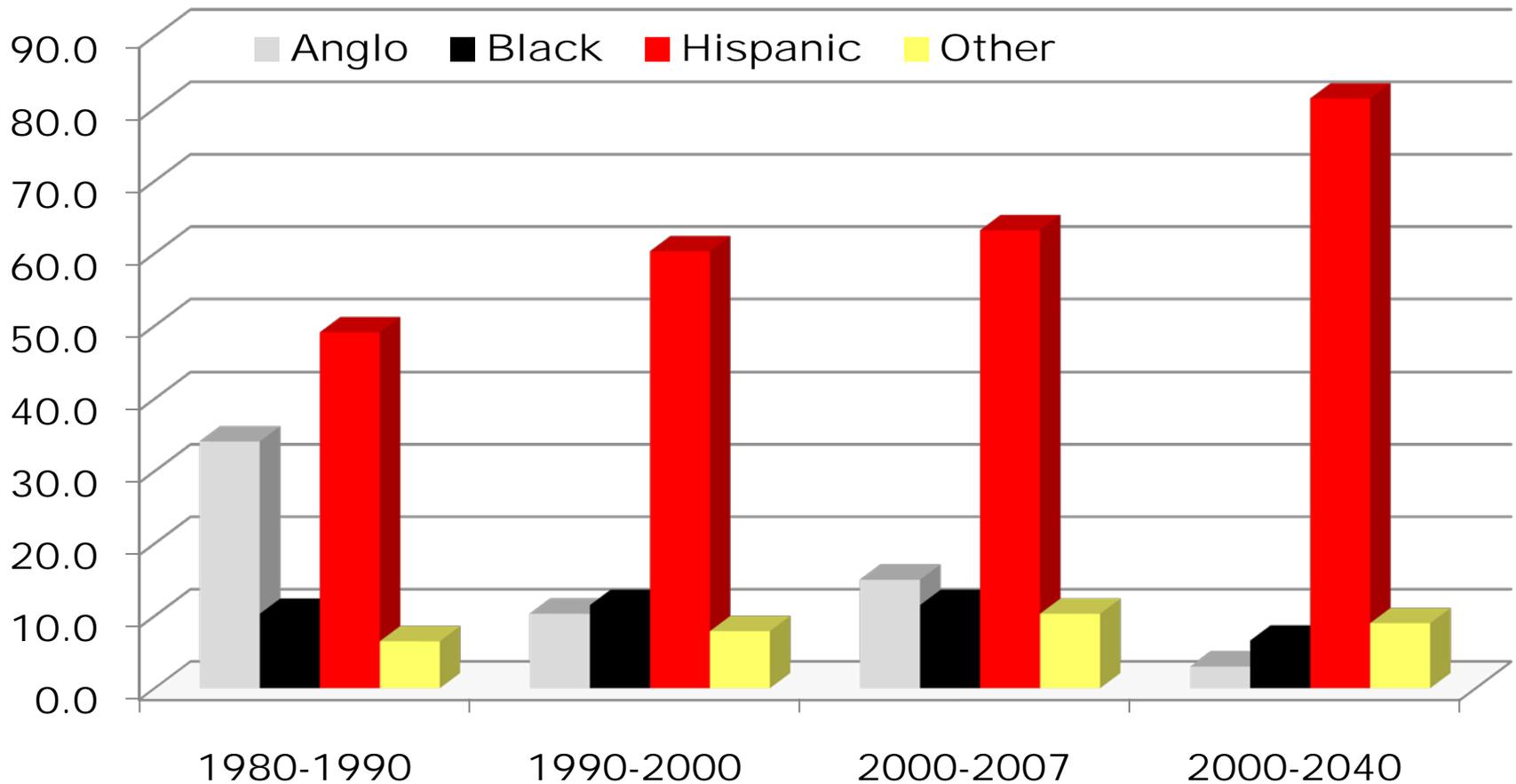
Ethnicity & Immigrant Status- State of Texas, 2007



Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 2007 American Community Survey Microdata File

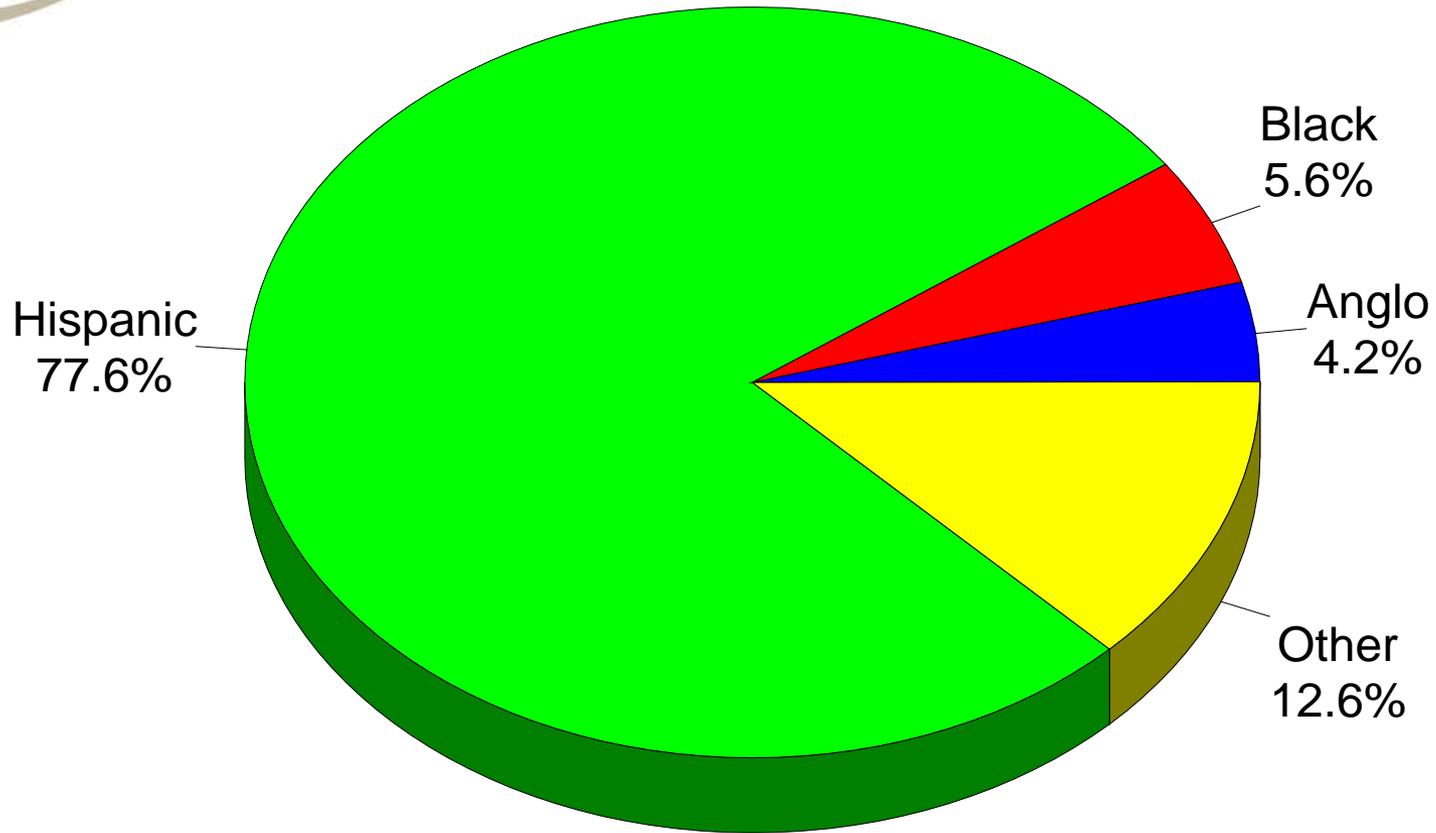


% of Growth Due to Each Ethnicity in Texas, 1980-1990, 1990-2000, 2000-2007, and 2000-2040



Source: U.S. Census Counts, and Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections, 0.5 Scenario

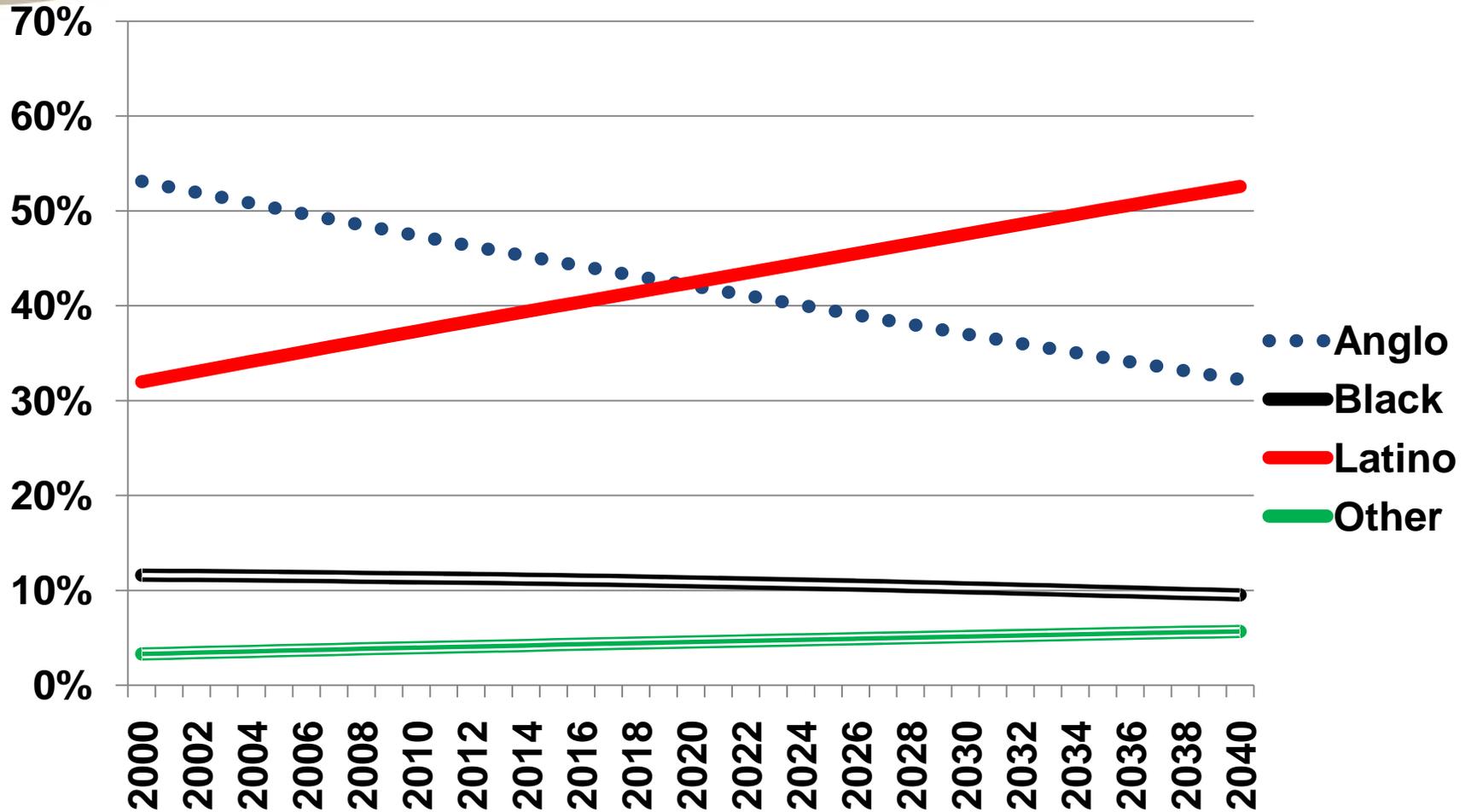
Projected Percent of Net Change Attributable to Each Race/Ethnicity Group for 2000-2040*



*Using U.S. Census count for 2000 and Texas State Data Center 1.0 population projection scenario for 2040.

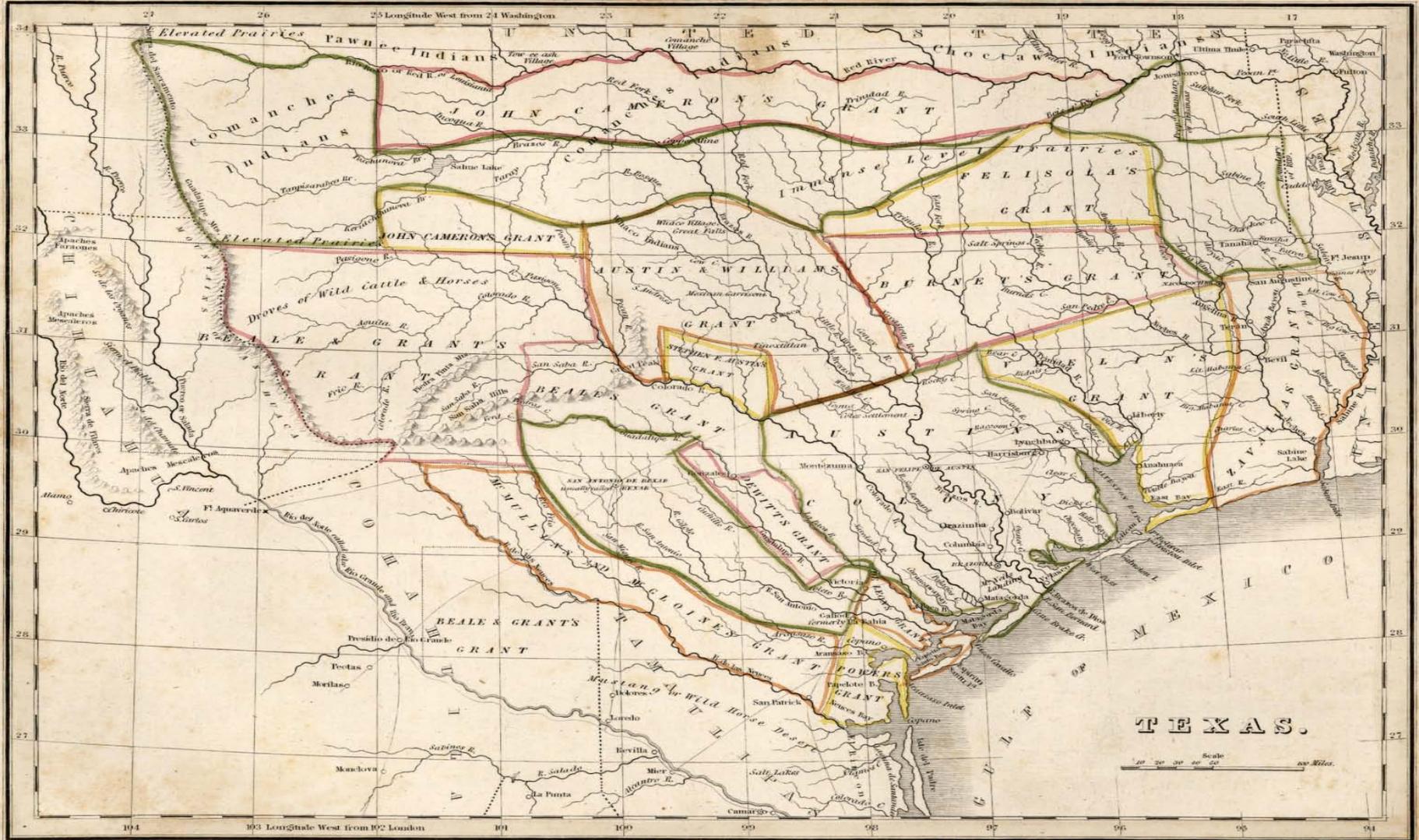


Projected Ethnic Change in the State of Texas, 2000-2040



Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections , 0.5 Migration Scenario

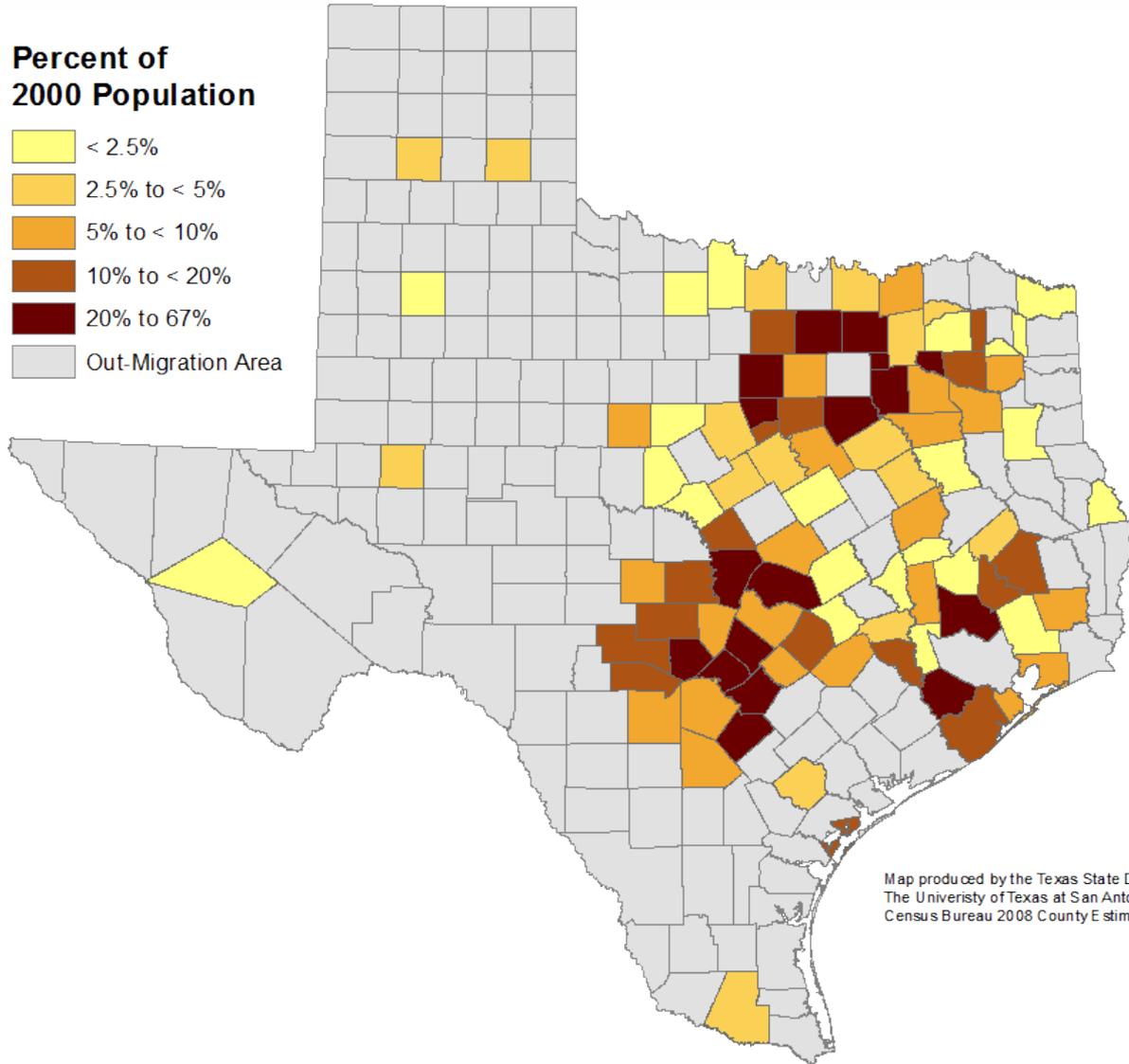
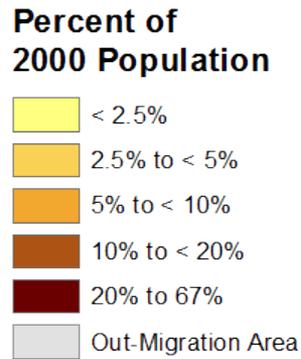
Changes in Geographic Distribution



64.A



Internal In-Migration, 2000 to 2008, as a Percent of 2000 Population

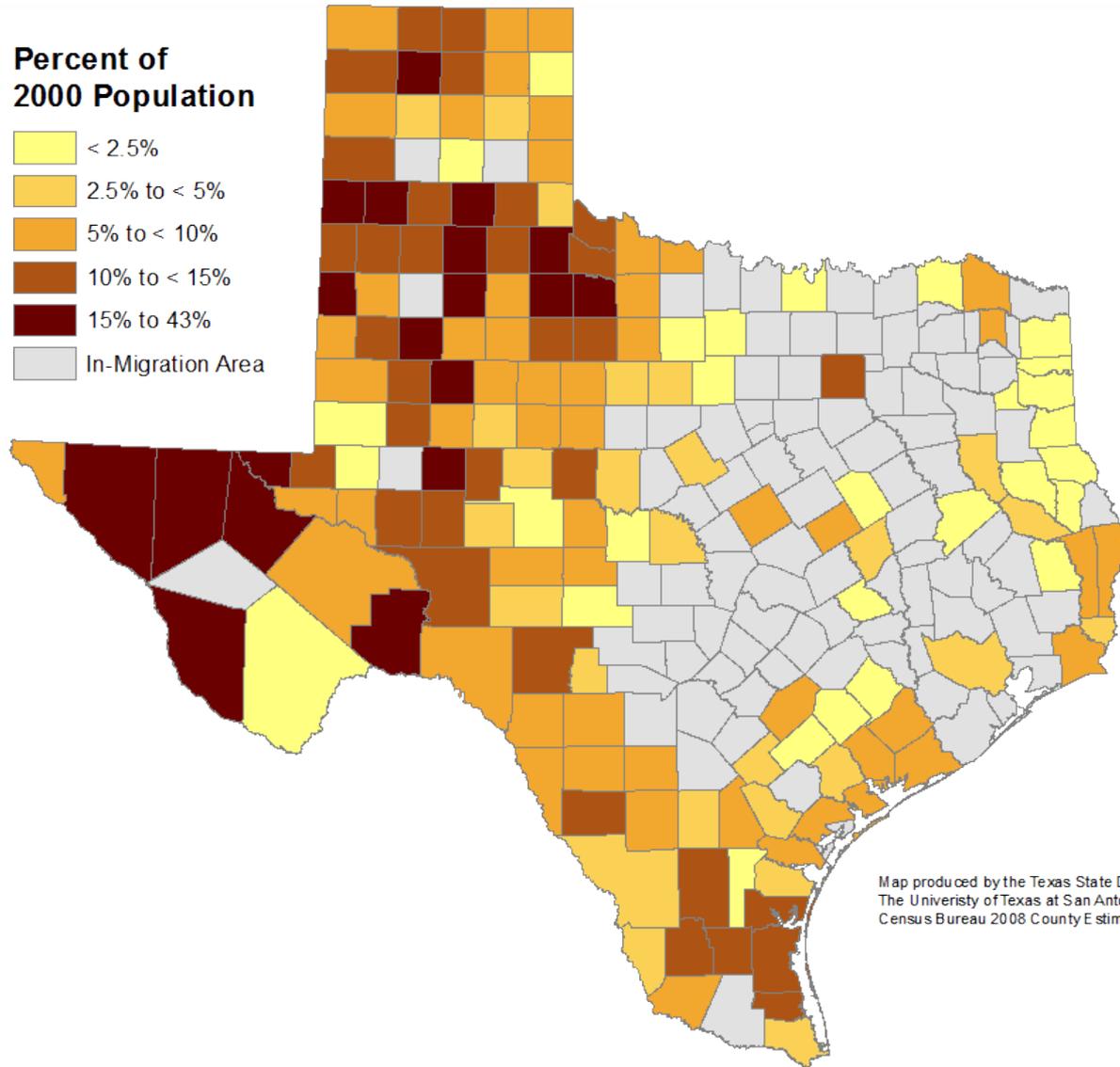
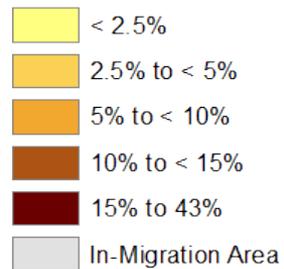


Map produced by the Texas State Data Center,
The University of Texas at San Antonio using
Census Bureau 2008 County Estimates.



Internal Out-Migration, 2000 to 2008, as a Percent of 2000 Population

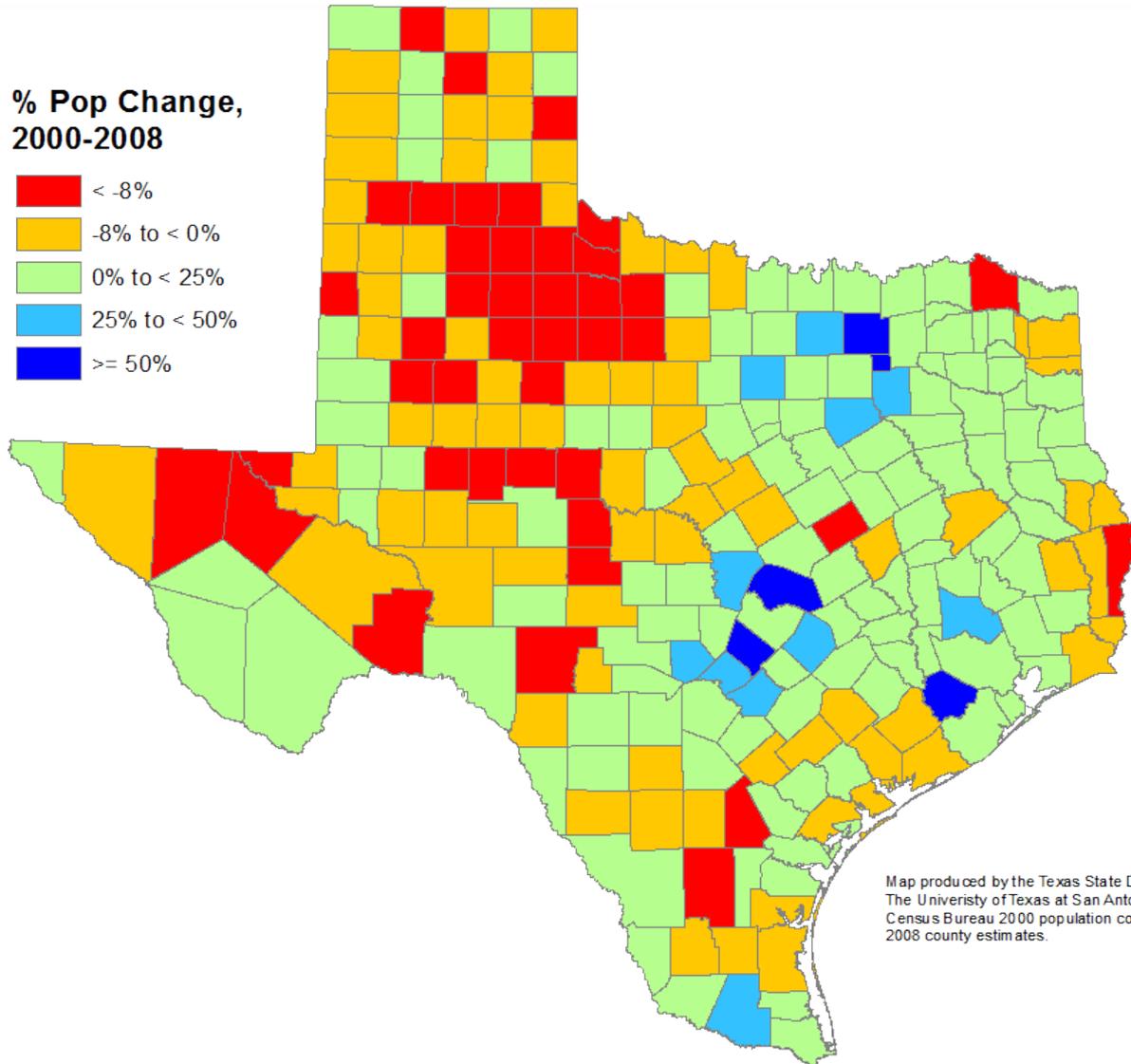
Percent of 2000 Population



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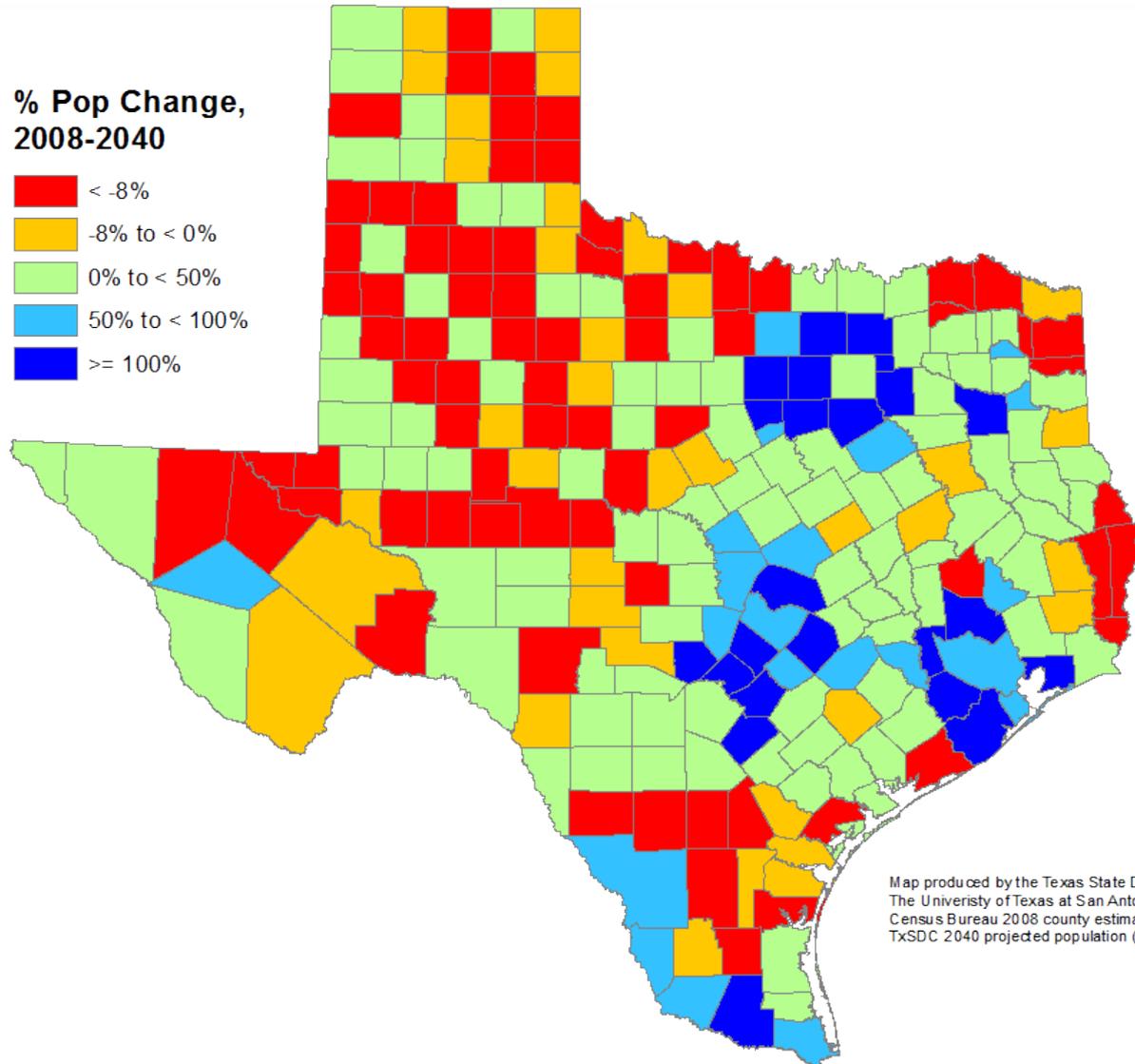


Percent Change in Total Population in Texas Counties, 2000-2008





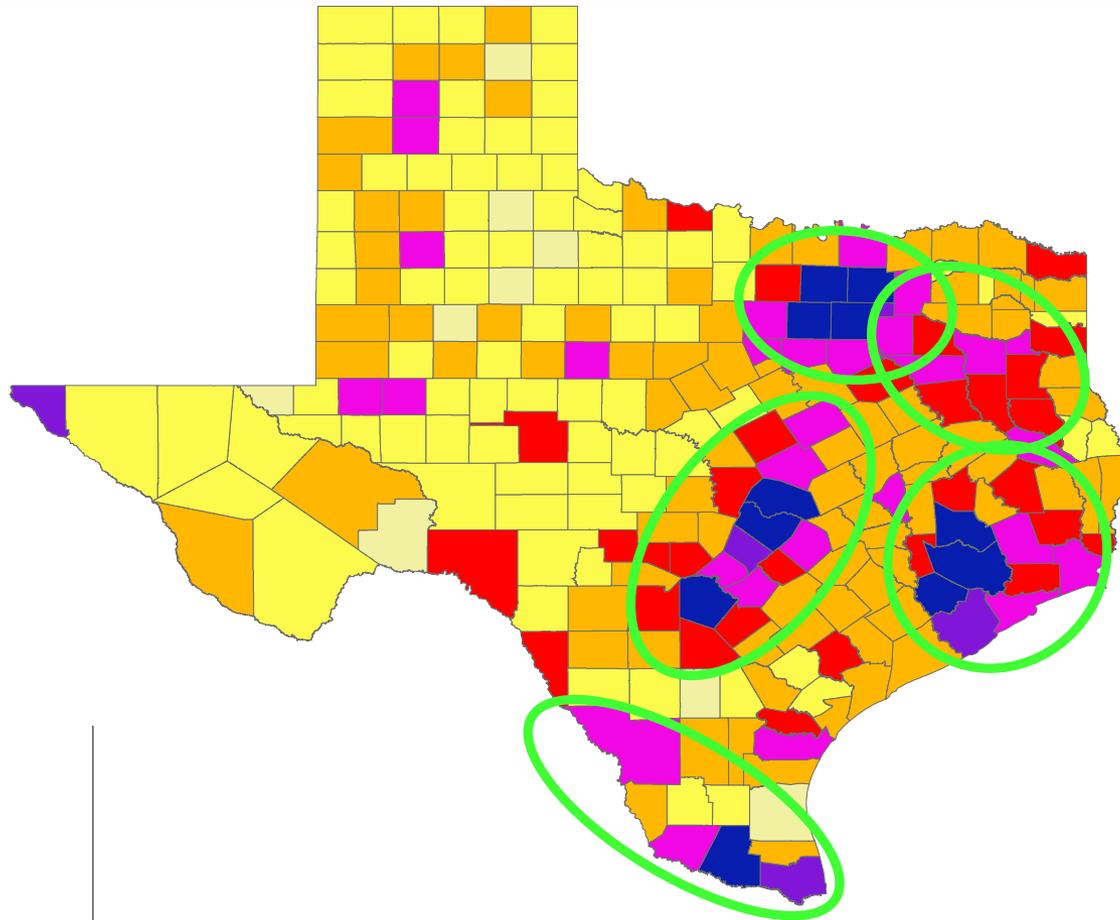
Projected Percent Change in Total Population in Texas Counties, 2008-2040



Map produced by the Texas State Data Center,
The University of Texas at San Antonio using
Census Bureau 2008 county estimates and
TxSDC 2040 projected population (2000-2007 scenario).

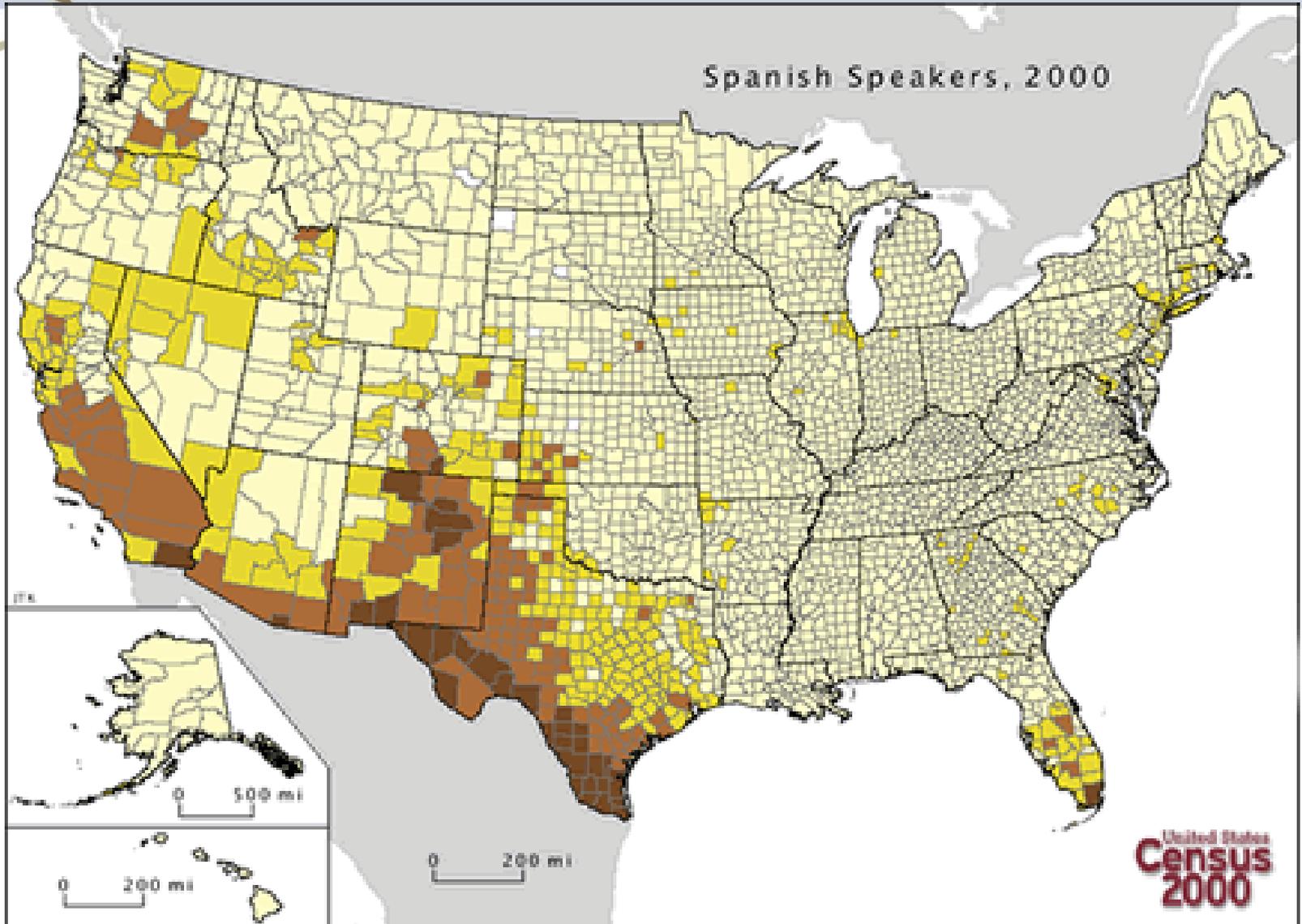


Projected population by county, Texas, 2040



Texas State Data Center, vintage 2008 population projections. Migration scenario 2 (2000-2007).

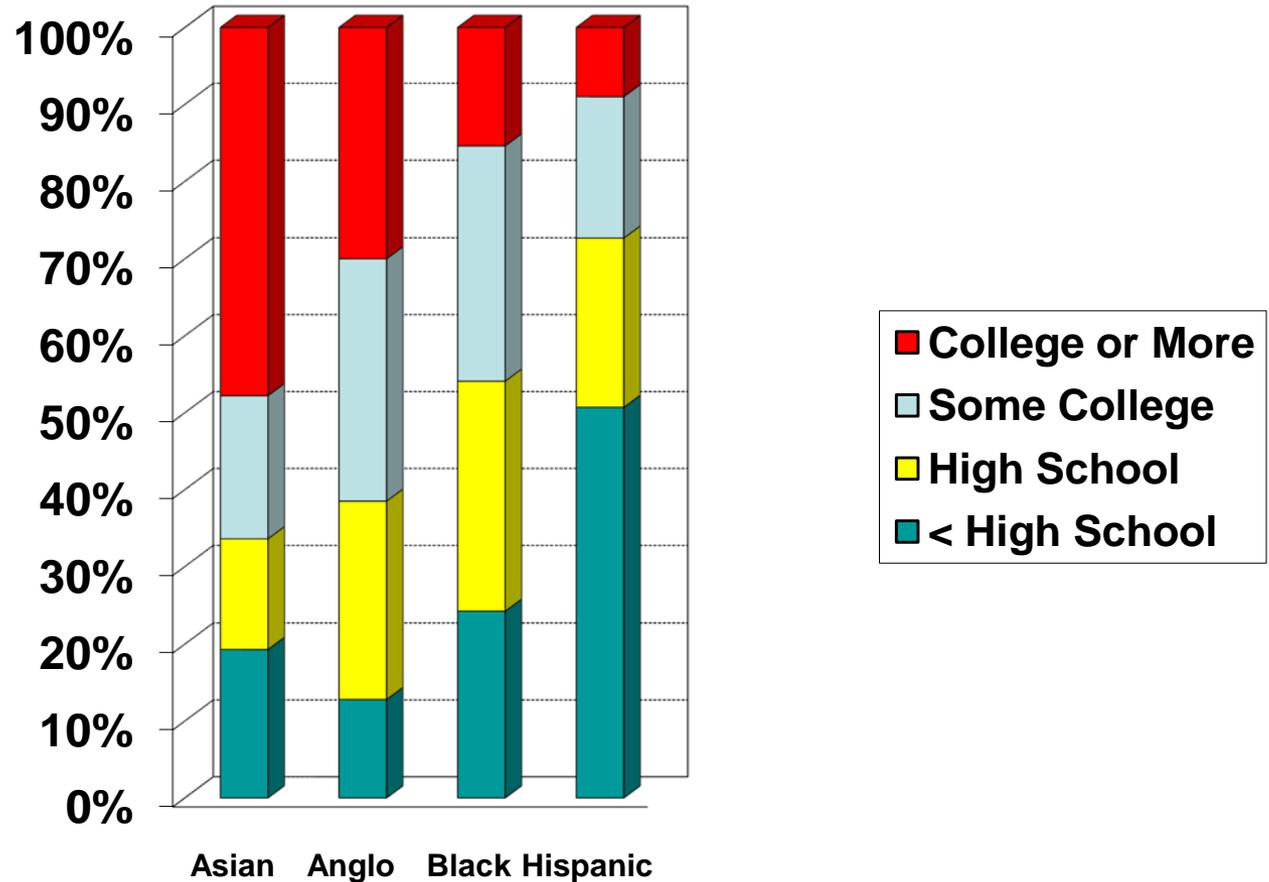
English Learners





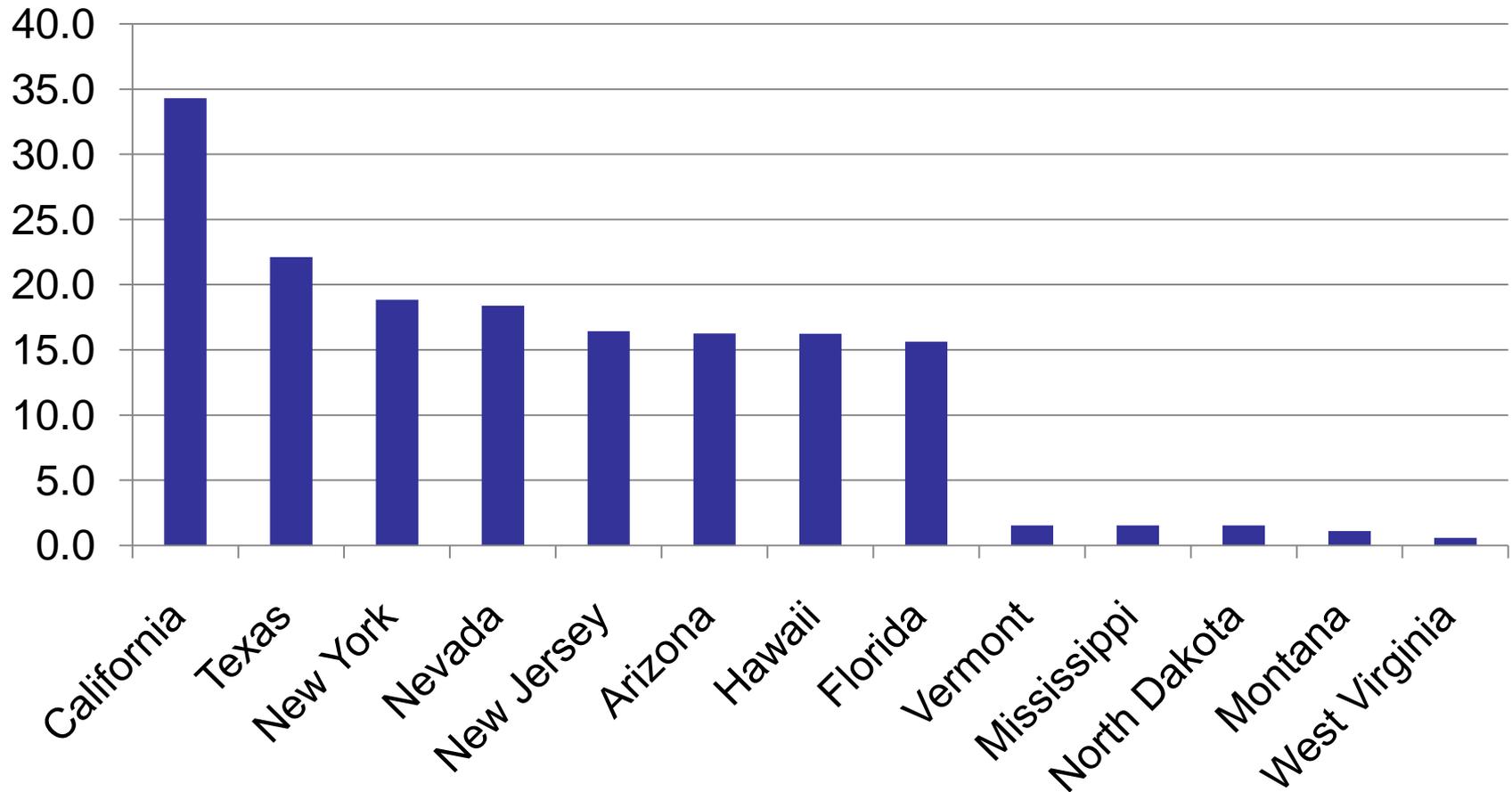
Educational Attainment in 2000 in Texas for Persons 25+ Years of Age By Race/Ethnicity

Percent





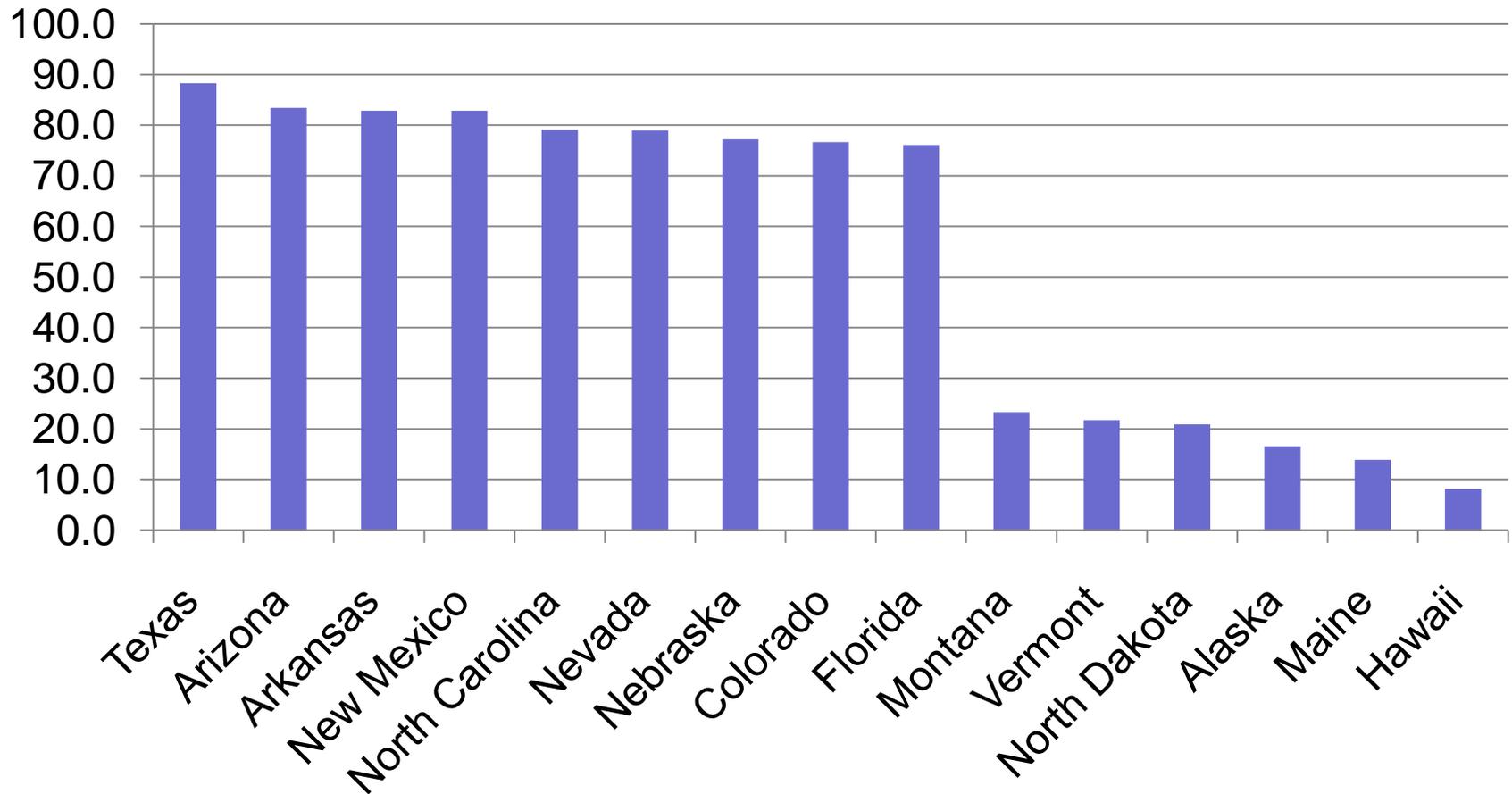
Percent of the population 5 and over who speak English less than well by state, 2008



Source: American Community Survey, 2008



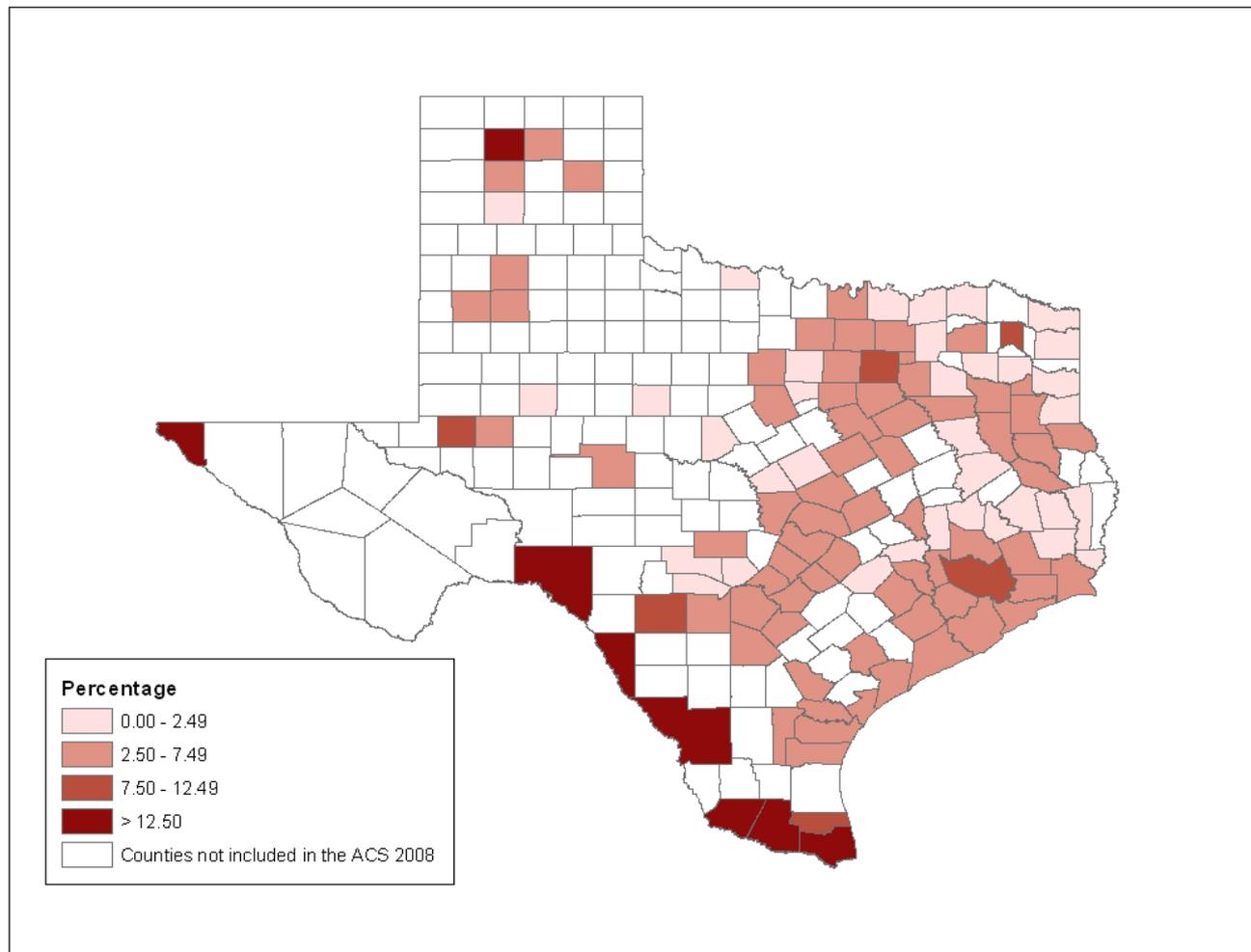
Percent of persons aged 5 and older, who do not speak English well, that speak Spanish at home by state, 2008



Source: American Community Survey, 2008



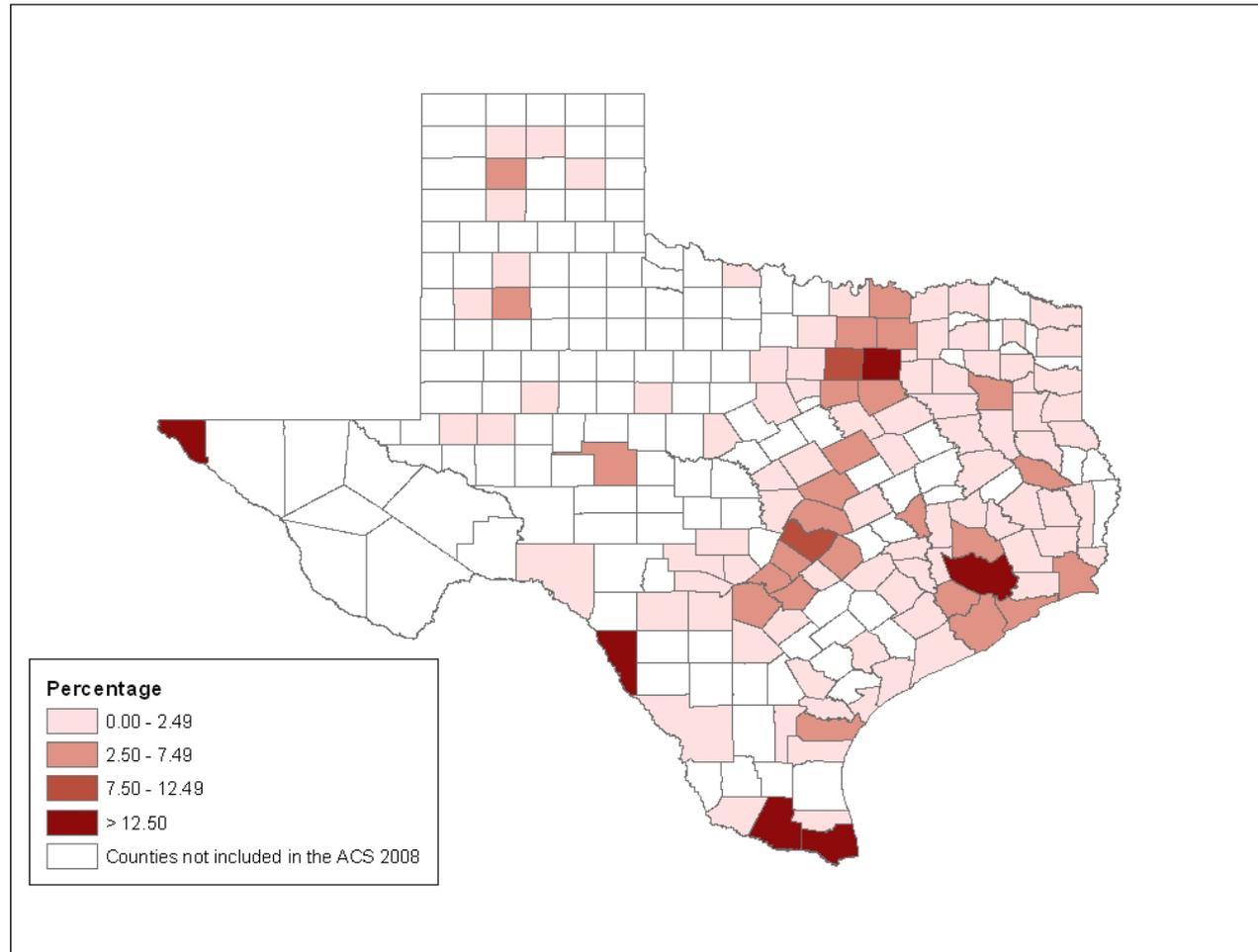
Percent of Texas children 5-17 who speak a language other than English at home, by county, 2006-2008



Source: American Community Survey, 3 year file 2006-2008



Percent of Texas children 5-17 who speak a English less than well, by county, 2006-2008



Source: American Community Survey, 3 year file 2006-2008



Major Points

- Continued growth of Texas population
- Growth driven by both natural increase and immigration (internal and international)
- Aging of the population with growing base
- Continued growth of Hispanic population relative to other ethnic/racial groups
- Increased concentration of population in major urbanized areas
- Large numbers of English learning students in major urban areas and in border urban areas



Texas State Data Center

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